SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Art Unit: Phone No.	tted, please prioritize *************** carch topic, and describe as ywords, synonyms, acronym hat may have a special mean heet, pertinent claims, and al	searches in order of need: **************** specifically as possible the subject nos; and registry numbers, and combining. Give examples or relevant cital ostract.	natter to be searched. ne with the concept or tions, authors, etc, if
G. S.S.C.		Blosson 1997 - 70 CM 1E07-1998 and CM 1E07-1998	C-OH
Searcher: Searcher Phone #: Date Searcher Picked Up: Date Completed: Searcher Prep & Review Time: Clerical Prep Time: Online Time: PTO-1590 (8-01)	Type of Search NA Sequence (#) AA Sequence (#) Structure (#) Bibliographic Litigation Fulltext Patent Family Other	Vendors and cost where STN	applicable

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:58:52 ON 22 APR 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 American Chemical Society (ACS)

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 21 APR 2002 HIGHEST RN 406458-32-0

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 21 APR 2002 HIGHEST RN 406458-32-0

jan.delaval@u

Jan Delaval
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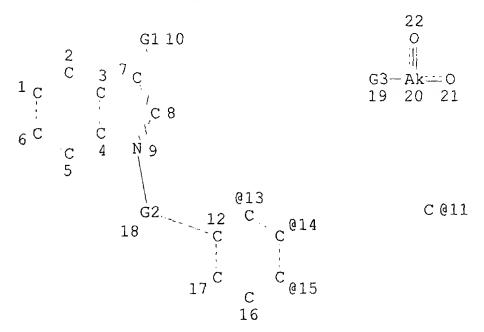
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 7, 2001

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Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

=> d sta que 15 L1 STR



US6413

VAR G1=11/S/O
REP G2=(0-1) AK
VAR G3=13/14/15
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 11
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 22

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 329075 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON 46.150.18/RID AND NC4-C6/ES L5 353 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL L1

100.0% PROCESSED 306395 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.21

353 ANSWERS

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L6
                SEL AN
                EDIT /AN /OREF
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:45:38 ON 22 APR 2002
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              7 S L7 NOT E8-E28
L8
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L34
               7 S L25 AND L31-L34
L35
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L38
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              16 S L37 AND L39
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L41
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5 S L37 NOT L41

L42

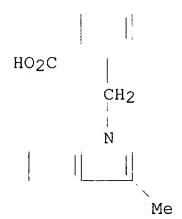
SEL HIT RN L41

MF C18 H17 N O2 SR CAOLD LC STN Files: CAOLD

Hits for references

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L44 ANSWER 3 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 3549-84-6 REGISTRY

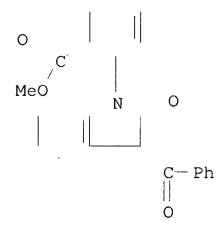
CN Benzoic acid, o-(3-benzoyl-2-oxo-1-indolinyl)-, methyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

A 4

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C23 H17 N O4

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CAOLD (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L44 ANSWER 4 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 3547-22-6 REGISTRY

CN Indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-(o-carboxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-, 1-ethyl ester (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

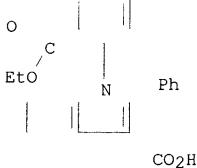
CN Indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-(o-carboxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-, o-ethyl ester (6CI)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C24 H19 N O4

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CAOLD

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

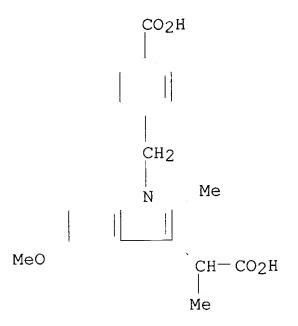
L44 ANSWER 5 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS RN 3447-34-5 REGISTRY

CN Indole-3-acetic acid, 1-(p-carboxybenzyl)-5-methoxy-.alpha.,2-dimethyl-(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C21 H21 N O5

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CAOLD (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L44 ANSWER 6 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

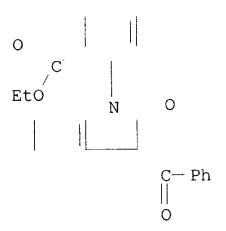
RN 3283-85-0 REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, o-(3-benzoyl-2-oxo-1-indolinyl)-, ethyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C24 H19 N O4

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CAOLD (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



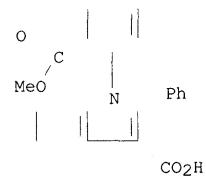
PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L44 ANSWER 7 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 3283-77-0 REGISTRY

CN Indole-3-carboxylic acid, 1-(o-carboxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-, 1-methyl ester



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L44 ANSWER 8 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

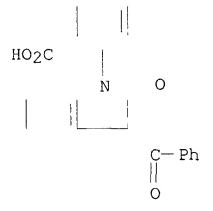
RN 3283-76-9 REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, o-(3-benzoyl-2-oxo-1-indolinyl)- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C22 H15 N O4

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CAOLD (*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> fil hcaold FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 14:59:14 ON 22 APR 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

PRE-1967 CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS FILE WITH HOUR-BASED PRICING

FILE COVERS 1907-1966

FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

This file supports REG1stRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

=> d all hitstr tot 16

- L6 ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN CA65:3843e CAOLD
- TI 7-(diphenylmethyl)-7-hydroxy-2,3-norbornane-dicarboxylic acid .gamma.-lactones (isomeric)
- PA McNeil Laboratories, Inc.
- DT Patent
- TI isomeric 7-(diphenylmethyl)-7-hydroxy-2,3-norbornanedicarboxylic acid .qamma.-lactones
- AU Poos, George I.
- DT Patent
- TI .alpha.-(1-benzyl-3-indolyl)alkanecarboxylic acids
- AU Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, T. Y.
- PA Merck & Co., Inc.
- DT Patent

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE			
PI	US 3242163 NL 6513089		1966		· for F	phothacts
ΡI	US 3250789		1966		10	. 79
IT	349-95-1	455-19-6	874-87-3	939-99-1	1	as llo
	1140-47-2	1208-87-3	1583-83-1	1703-96-4	i Sel Va	6
	2175-90-8	2320-32-3	3446-61-5	3446-65-9	<u> </u>	
	3446-69-3	3446-75-1	3446-77-3	3446-79-5	3 3	
	3446-82-0	3446-83-1	3446-86-4	3446-91-1	3	
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	3526-20-3	3526-23-6	3526-24-7	3721-30-0	3721-31-1	3721-33-3
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	4502-49-2	4502-50-5	4502-52-7	4502-53-8	4502-54-9	4502-57-2
	4516-28-3	4516-29-4	4516-33-0	4516-34-1	4516-42-1	4556 - 90-5
	4558-37-6	4558-38-7	4558-39-8	4558-40-1	4558-41-2	4558-43-4
	4558-44-5	4558-45-6	4558-46-7	4558-47-8	4558-49-0	4558-50-3
	4575-55-7	4576-58-3	4576-59-4	4576-60-7	4608-99-5	4616-21-1
	4616-26-6	4618-75-1	4660-82-6	4660-83-7	4660-84-8	4660-86-0
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	6532-06-5	6532-07 - 6	6644-59-3	6644-65-1	6678-80-4	6678-90-6
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	94004-67-8	95223-38-4	95291-44-4	95319-44-1	95319-54 - 3	95320-49-3
	95437-55-1	95822-68-7	96309-57-8	96367-30-5	96467 - 96-8	96585-34-1

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

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=> d all tot 18
     ANSWER 1 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
\Gamma8
     1966:420746
AN
DN 65:20746
OREF 65:3843e
TI .alpha.-(1-Be
IN Sarett, Lewis 80-85
                                     rboxylic acids
PA Merck & Co. I
SO 19 pp.
\mathsf{DT}
    Patent
LA Unavailable
NCL 260211000
     37 (Heterocyclic Compounds (one co Atom))
CC
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                   19660322 US
                                                          19610313
     US 3242163
ΡI
                                          NL
     NL 6513089
     Identical with U.S. 3,242,193 (preceding abstr.), except that the claims
AΒ
     for R4 are limited to CN, CO2H, and carbalkoxy.
     ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L8
     1966:420745 HCAPLUS
AN
DN 65:20745
OREF 65:3840e-h,3841a-h,3842a-h,3843a-e
     .alpha.-(1-Benzyl-3-indolyl)alkanecarboxylic acids
{	t TI}
     Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, Tsung-Ying
IN
PA
     Merck & Co. Inc.
SO
     20 pp.
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    Patent
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m LA}
     Unavailable
NCL 260319000
     37 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
CC
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
     US 3242193 19660322
                                                          19641021
PΙ
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
GΙ
     Division of U.S. 3,196,162 (CA 63, 16308a). Cf. following abstr.
AΒ
     reaction in alc. HCl solns. of R4C6H4NHNH2 and R2COCH2CHR3CO2Y give II.
     The title compds. (I) are prepd. by treatment of II with NaH or other
     metalating agents, followed by R5bC6H5-bCHR1X. Addn. of 100 g. p-MeC6H4SH
     in 250 ml. (MeOCH2)2 during 2 hrs. to 41.5 g. 50% NaH dispersion in
     mineral oil in (MeOCH2)2 at -5 to 0.degree., followed by addn. of 20 ml.
     Me3COH and stirring 15 min. at 0.degree., then bubbling CHF2Cl through the
     mixt. 45 min. at -2 to 0.degree., and standing 14 hrs. gave 112.3 g.
     p-MeC6H4SCHF2 (III), b0.35 32-4.degree., n23D 1.5092. One mole p-MeC6H4OH
     was similarly converted to 18.5 g. p-MeC6H4OCHF2 (IV), m. 165-7.degree..
     Treatment of 8.7 g. III with 8.9 g. (CH2CO) 2NBr in 400 ml. CCl4 under
     irradiation by a 275-watt sun lamp 2 hrs. gave 7.0 g. p-CHF2SC6H4CH2Br
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in 800 ml. CCl4 gave 18.5 g. p-HF2COC6H4CH2Br (V), b0.2 50-52.degree., n23D 1.5170. Treatment of 59.7 g. p-MeC6H4SO2NMe2 with 53.4 g. (CH2CO)2NBr in 500 ml. refluxing CCl4 2.5 hrs. gave p-(Me2N SO2)C6H4CH2Br (VI), m. 85-108.degree. (Skellysolve B). MeSPh (120 g.) and 69 g. MeOCH2Cl in 600 ml. HOAc kept at 78-80.degree. for 2 days, evapd., and distd. gave 68 g. p-MeSC6H4CH2Cl (VII), b1 99.degree.. MeSH (24 g.) was bubbled into

(IVa), b0.3 74.degree., n22D 1.5622. IV (14.6 g.) and 16.4 g. (CH2CO)2NBr

350 ml. EtOH containing 32.5 g. 86.5% KOH, 1.2 ml. H2O was added, followed by 70.3 g. p-ClC6H4CHO in 150 ml. EtOH, and the mixt. was refluxed 3 hrs. with slow introduction of MeSH, then poured into 500 ml. H2O, and extd. with ClCH2CH2Cl, giving p-MeSC6H4CHO, redn. of which by Al(OCHMe2)3 in Me2CHOH, followed by treatment with SOC12, also gave VII. Action of 82 ml. MeOCH2Cl on 177 g EtSPh in 770 ml. HOAc at 75.degree. 48 hrs. gave p-EtSC6H4CH2Cl (VII), b0.025-0.04 92-102.degree.. Similar treatment of 100 ml. Ph2S with 36.3 ml. MeOCH2Cl in 340 ml. HOAc gave 32 g. of a distillate, b0.005 85-145.degree., which contained 39% p-PhSC6H4CH2Cl A soln. of 25 g. p-H2NC6H4CH2OH in 200 ml. H2O and 80 ml. HCl at 0-5.degree. was treated with 15.5 g. NaNO2 in 40 ml. H2O and neutralized with KOAc. The cold, neutral soln. was filtered into a soln. of 97.6 g. EtOCS2K in 1000 ml. H2O at 75-80.degree., and the mixt. was heated 1 hr. on a steam bath, cooled, and extd. with 3 250-ml. portions Et20. The exts. were washed thrice with 250 ml. portions H2O, dried, and evapd. To the residual red oil was added 33 g. KOH in 300 ml. EtOH, the mixt. was refluxed 2 hrs. under N, 50.6 g. PhCH2Cl was added, and refluxing continued 3 hrs. to give p-PhCH2SC6H4CH3OH (XI), m. 75-81.degree. (4:35 C6H6-cyclohexane). Action of 100 ml. SOC12 on 10.7 g. X at 0.degree. 1 hr. gave p-PhCH2SC6H4CH2Cl, m. 91-3.degree. (EtOH). To 7.92 g. Mg in 50 ml. Ét20 was added 10 ml. of a soln. of 61 g. p-F3CC6H4Br in 60 ml. Et20, followed by 2 ml. MeMgI soln. under N. After initiation of the reaction, 200 ml. Et20 and the rest of the p-F3CC6H4Br soln. were added during 1 hr. After refluxing 1.5 hrs., the soln. was cooled to 5.degree. and 81 g. PhNMeCHO was added over 20 min. After 2 hrs. in an ice bath and 18 hrs. at room temp., the mixt. was treated with 200 ml. 5N H2SO4 with cooling, giving p-F3CC6H4CHO (XI), b12 64.degree., n22D 1.4633. Redn. of 20.9 g. XI with 2.5 g. NaBH4 in 100 ml. C6H6, and treatment with 14 g. SOC12, gave p-F3CC6H4CH2Cl, b12 68.degree., n22D 1.4622. Mixing 53.3 g. p-H2NC6H4SH in 200 ml. EtOH and 60.2 g. p-ClC6H4CHO in 200 ml. EtOH gave, in 20 min., 97 g. p-ClC6H4CH:NC6H4SH-p (XII). Treatment of 58.2 g. XII with 11.52 g. NaH in 400 ml. Me2NCHO during 2 hrs., then addn. of 35 g. MeI in 100 ml. Me2NCHO during 1 hr., and diln. with 21. H2O, gave p-ClC6H4CH:NC6H4SMe-p, 12 g. of which was reduced by 4.0 g. NaBH4 in 300 ml. MeOH to give p-ClC6H4CH2NHC6H4SMe-p (XIII). Nitrosation of XIII gave the N-nitroso deriv., redn. of 38 g. of which by Al amalgam in Me2CHOH gave p-ClC6H4N(NH2)C6H4SMe-p; hydrochloride (XIIIa) m. 140.5.degree. (EtOH). A soln. of 44 g. p-MeOC6H4NHNH2.HCl (XIV), 42 g. p-O2NC6H4CH2Cl, and 80 g. Et3N in 500 ml. EtOH was refluxed 6 hrs., and 70 ml. 3.2N HCl in EtOH was added, giving 14.4 g. p-MeOC6H4N(NH2)CH2C6H4NO2-p.HCl (XV), m. 147-50.degree.. Hydrogenation of 37 g. p-MeOC6H4NH2 and 50 g. 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3CHO in 250 ml. EtOH on Ni at 40 psi. gave 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3NHC6H4OMe-p, m. 126-7.degree. (Et2O-EtOH), which on nitrosation and redn. by Al amalgam gave 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3N(NH2)C6H4OMe-p.HCl (XVI), m. 136-9.degree.. A soln. of 25 g. XIV and 20 g. AcCH2CHMeCO2Et (XVII) in 250 ml. 2N alc. HCl, refluxed 30 min. after subsidence of the initial reaction, concd. to 80 ml., dild. with 400 ml. H2O, extd. with Et20, and the dried exts. evapd. and chromatographed on acid-washed Al2O3 in Et2O-petroleum ether gave II (R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, Y = Et) (IIa), b0.25 150-3.degree., m. 53-5.5.degree. (petroleum ether). Saponification of 13 g. IIa in 200 ml. EtOH by 20 ml. 34% NaOH 6 hrs. under N, diln. with H2O and acidification gave the free acid (IIb), m. 163-5.degree. (aq. EtOH). Other examples of II similarly prepd. were: IIc (R2 = R3 = Me, R4= Me, Y = Et), m. 88-8.5.degree. (petroleum ether), from 20 g. p-MeC6H4NHNH2.HCl and 20 g. XVII in 250 ml. 2N alc. HCl; IId (R2 = R3 = H, R4 = MeO, Y = Et), from 0.1 mole each of XIV and (MeO) 2CHCH2CH2CO2Et; and IIe (R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = C1, Y = Et), m. 85.degree. (petroleum ether), from 0.1 mole each of AcCH2CH2CO2Et and p- ClC6H4NHNH2.HCl in 300 ml. 2N alc. HCl, refluxed 1 hr. AcCH2CHEtCO2Et was treated with XIV to give II (R2 = Me, Y = Et, R4 = MeO) (IIf). Fused ZnCl2 (28 g.) and 10 g. p-O2NC6H4NHN: CMeCH2CHMeCO2H in 20 ml. abs. EtOH were refluxed under N 12 hrs., dild. with 200 ml. 2.5N HCl, and extd. thrice with 200 ml. Et20. After drying and concn., the exts. were treated 8 hrs. with 200 ml.

refluxing 1N alc. HCl, concd. to give II (R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = NO2, Y = Et) (IIg). A mixt. of 50 g. 2,4-Me2C6H3NHCOEt, 50 g. NaNH2, and 500 ml. PhNEt2 was refluxed under N 1 hr., to give 38 g. 2-ethyl-5-methylindole (XVII), m. 72-84.degree. (cyclohexane). Treatment of 4.4 g. XVII with 5.4 ml. 25% ag. Me2NH, 2.25 ml. 40% ag. CH2O, and 3 ml. HOAc 5 hrs. and addn. of 25 ml. 10% KOH gave a gum which was extd. with Et20. Extn. of the Et20 soln. with 1.25N HCl, neutralization, reextn. with Et2O, drying, and evapn. gave 2.3 g. 2-ethyl-5-methylgramine, m. 100-3.degree. (cyclohexane), 2 g. of which and 4.0 g. KCN in 32 ml. 80% EtOH, refluxed 68 hrs., neutralized with HCl, concd., dild. with 20 ml. H2O containing 2.3 g. KOH, refluxed 6 hrs., acidified and extd. with Et20 gave 1.0 g. II (R2 = Et, R3 = H, R4 = Me, Y = H) (IIh), m. 137-8.degree. (C6H6). Treatment of 13 g. IIa in 75 ml. Me2NCHO with 2.5 g. NaH-mineral oil dispersion in 100 ml. Me2NCHO 1 hr., followed by 8.0 g. o-ClC6H4CH2Cl 14 hrs. gave I(R1 = H, R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = 2-C1, b = 1, M = EtO)(Ia), m. 118-22.degree. (C6H6-Skellysolve B). Saponification of Ia in 125 ml. EtOH by 20 ml. 34% NaOH gave 8.5 g. free acid, m. 191-2.degree. (C6H6). Other examples of I prepd. from IIa by action of NaH and a benzyl halide were those in which the benzyl groups were: m-ClC6H4CH2, and the free acid, m. 191-2.degree. (EtOAc-Skellysolve B); 2,4-Cl2C6H3CH2, m. 130.degree. (aq. EtOH), and the free acid, m. 184-6.degree.; p-MeOC6H4CH2, sirup, and the free acid, m. 153-3.5.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether); p-FC6H4CH2, and the free acid, m. 164-5.degree. (EtOAc-petr. ether); p-HF2CSC6H4CH2, oil from IVa, and the free acid, m. 132-3.degree. (PhMe); p-HF2COC6H4CH2, oil, 20.9 g. from 13.0 g. IIa and 12 g. V, and the free acid, m. 144-6.degree.; p-ClC6H4CH2, Ib, which was also prepd. from 11.7 g. IIb, 5.0 g. NaH, and 8.8 g. p-ClC6H4CH2Cl, and the free acid, m. 163-5.degree. (C6H6), p-BrC6H4CH2, and the free acid, from p-BrC6H4CH2OSO2Me; p-IC6H4CH2, and the free acid, from p-IC6H4CH2OSO2C6H4Me-p; p-MeSC6H4CH2, Ic, sirup, from VI, and the free acid, m. 170-1.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether); p-(PhCH2S)C6H4CH2, oil from IIa and IX, and the free acid (Id), m. 150-53.degree. (CCl4); p-CF3C6H4CH2, sirup from XI, and the free acid, m. 176-80.degree. (EtOAc- petr. ether); p-NCC6H4CH2, Ie, m. 72.degree. (EtOH), and the free acid, m. 197-200.degree. (EtOAc-petr. ether); p-(Me2NSO2)C6H4CH2, m. 140.degree. (EtOH), from VI, and the free acid, m. 156.5-8.5.degree. (EtOAc-petr. ether); p-EtSC6H4CH2, from VIII, and the free acid, m. 126-33.degree. (2% C6H6 in abs. EtOH); p-PhSC6H4CH2, oil, 42.5 g. from 13.0 g. IIa and 32 g. IX, and the free acid; p-MeSC6H4CHMe and the free acid; and 4-MeS-2-MeC6H3CH2 and the free acid. IIc and p-ClC6H4CH2Cl gave I (R1 = H, R2 = R3 = R4 = Me, R5 = 4-C1, b = 1, M = EtO) (Ib), m. 89-90.degree., and the free acid (M = OH), m. 185-6.degree.. IIc (24.5 g.) added during 20 min. to 500 ml. Me2NCHO and 6.0 g. NaH, followed by 6.0 g. VII, gave I (R1 = H, R2 = R3 = R4 = Me, R5 = 4-MeS, b = 1, M = EtO), m. 111-13.degree.(Et2O), saponification of 20 g. of which gave 9.6 g. of the free acid, m. 184-7.degree. (ClCH2CH2Cl). From IId were prepd. Et .alpha.-[1-(pfluorobenzyl) - 5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, and the free acid; and Et .alpha.-[1-(p- chlorobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, and the free acid, m. 144-8.degree.. IIe and IIf were also converted to their 1-(p-Cl C6H4CH2) derivs. and the corresponding free acids. IIg was converted to I (R1 = H, R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = NO2, R5 = p-MeO, b = 1, M = EtO) (If), which was hydrogenated on Pd-C to the amino compd. (R4 = NH2), from which the Ac, p-C1C6H4CO, and Me2 derivs. were prepd. The corresponding derivs. were prepd. from the free acid obtained by saponification of If. Ar-alkylation of 0.05 mole Et .alpha.-(2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)acetate (IIi) with NaH and 0.05 mole p-(PhCH2O)C6H4CH2Cl gave the 1-(p-(PhCH2O)C6H4CH2 deriv., which was saponified to the free acid, hydrogenolysis of which on 10% Pd-C in EtOH gave [1-(p-hydroxybenzyl)-2methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl] acetic acid. Redn. of 18 g. IIi (Y = Me) with 20 g. Sn and 200 ml. 6N HCl under reflux 18 hrs., followed by reesterification with alc. HCl, gave 2.7 g. Et .alpha.-(2-methyl-5-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-3-in-dolyl)acetate, which was aralkylated to prepare the p-C1C6H4CH2, p-MeOC6H4CH2, p-FC6H4CH2, and p-MeSC6H4CH2 derivs., and the

hydrochlorides of the corresponding acids. IIa was similarly reduced to the 2,3-dihydro deriv., which was aralkylated to prepare its p-ClC6H4CH2 and p-MeSC6H4CH2 derivs., and the corresponding hydrochlorides. Aralkylation of 9.3 g. IIi (Y = Me) in 50 ml. tetrahydrofuran (THF) with 3 g. NaH in 100 ml. Me2NCHO and 13 g. p-BrC6H4CHBrMe gave I (R1 = R2 = Me, R4 = M = MeO, R5 = p-Br, b = 1) (Ig), and the free acid. From 12.58 g. IIi (Y = Me) was also prepd. 15 g. of the p-Me SC6H4CH2 deriv., sirup, which was hydrolyzed to the free acid, m. 155-6.5.degree. (EtOH); Et ester m. 94-5.degree. (EtOH). Oxidn. of 10 g. Ic (M = EtO) in Et2O by monoperphthalic acid at -25 to -20.degree., chromatography of the crude product on Al2O3, and hydrolysis of the eluted esters gave .alpha.-[1-(p-methylsulfonylbenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionic acid, m. 194-6.degree. (EtOAc-EtOH-petroleum ether) and .alpha.-[1-(p-methylsulfinylbenzyl)- 2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionic acid, m. 98-101.degree. (EtOAc-EtOH-petroleum ether). Heating 8.8 g. Ic (M = OH) and 14 g. urea 1.5 hrs. at 190-200.degree. gave the amide (M = NH2), m. 143-4.degree. (C6H6-petroleum ether). A soln. of 24.9 g. Ic (M = OH) and 9.5 g. (+)-PhCHMeNH2 in 350 ml. boiling EtOH was cooled to 20-25.degree. and kept 90 min., giving the (+)-Ic salt of (+)-PhCHMeNH2, m. 170-72.degree. (EtOH), [.alpha.]22D 38.5.degree. (MeOH), which treated with HCl gave (+)-Ic, m. 118.degree. (5:3 Et20-C6H6), [.alpha.]22D 62.4.degree. (EtOH). Similar treatment of Ib (M = OH) gave the (+)-Ib salt of (+)-PhCHMeNH2, m. 148-9.degree. (Me2CHOH), [.alpha.] 22D 43.degree. (MeOH), and (+)-Ib, m. 156-7.degree. (1:1 C6H6-pet. ether), [.alpha.]22D 60.degree. (EtOH). The filtrates gave (-)-Ib, m. 153-4.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether), [.alpha.]23D-58.degree. (EtOH). Treatment of 31 g. XIIIa and 16 g. XVII in 400 ml. 7.5N alc. HCl gave 13 g. Et .alpha.-[1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methylthio-3indolyl]propionate, sirup, saponification of which gave the free acid, m. 154-60.degree. (MeCN). Similar prepns. included: Et .alpha.-[1-(pchlorobenzyl)-2-phenyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, and the free acid, from p-ClC6H4CH2N(NH2)C6H4OMe-p.HCl (XVIII) and PhCOCH2CH2CO2Et; 1-(p-methylthiobenzyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl-acetic acid, m. 168-72.degree. (C6H6), from p-MeSC6H4N(NH2)C6H4OMe-p.HCl (XIX) and F3CCOCH2CH2CO2H (Brown, et al., CA 55, 1431c); Et .alpha.-[1-(pnitrobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionate (Ih), m. 102-3.degree. (EtOH), from XV and XVII and the free acid, m. 188-90.degree. (aq. EtOH); Et [1-(p-methylthiobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3indolyl]acetate, and the free acid, from XIX and HCOCH2CH2CO2Et (XX); 1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl-2-acetic acid, m. 146-8.degree., from XVIII and XX; Et .alpha.-[1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-benzyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionate, and the free acid, from XVIII and PhCH2COCH2-CHMeCO2Et; Et .alpha.-[1-(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionate, and the free acid, from XVI and XVII; and [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-carboxy-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid (Ii), m. 213-18.degree. (aq. Me2NCHO), from XVIII and HO2CCOCH2CH2CO2H. Hydrogenation of 2.85 g. Ih on Ni at 45-50.degree. in 60 ml. EtOH in the presence of 2.4 ml. 37% CH2O and 5 ml. HOAc gave Et .alpha.-[1-(pdimethylaminobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionate, saponification of which gave the free acid, m. 193-4.degree. (MeOH). Hydrogenation of 4.25 g. Ih on 1 g. Pd-C in 100 ml. Ac20 and 100 ml. HOAc gave Et .alpha.-[1-(p-acetamidobenzyl) - 2 - methyl - 5 methoxy-3-indolyl] propionate. Saponification of 2 g. Ie by 25 ml. 30% NaOH in 150 ml. EtOH under reflux 18 hrs., and acidification by HCl gave .alpha.-[1-(p-carboxybenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionic acid, m. 230-4.degree. (HOAc or aq. EtOH). Refluxing a soln. of Ii in Ac20 2 hrs. gave the anhydride of Ii, m. 205-11.degree., which reacted with abs. EtOH in the presence of 1 equiv. NaOEt at 0.degree. to give the Et ester (Ij), m. 214-16.degree. (aq. MeOH). Heating 5 g. Ij under N 80 min. at 225.degree. gave Et [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, free acid, m. 146-8.degree. (MeCN-C6H6). Action of SOC12 in C6H6 on Ij gave the acid chloride, which was reduced by LiAlH(OCMe3)3 in THF to Et [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-formyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate (Ik). Redn. of

Ik by NaBH4 gave the lactone of [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-hydroxymethyl-5methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid, which was treated with PhCH2SK in EtOH to give [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-(benzylthiomethyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid. A mixt. of 19 g. (COC1)2 in 25 ml. Et20 and 35.7 g. 1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxyindole in 900 ml. Et20 was stirred 2 hrs. and filtered. The solid was added to 660 ml. EtOH and treated with 0.12 mole NaOEt 1 hr., then poured into 660 ml. H2O containing 10 ml. HOAc, giving Et .alpha.- [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2 -methyl-5 -methoxy-3 -indolyl] oxoacetate (XXI), m. 113.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether). A mixt. of 36.02 g. MePh3P+Br- and 94.36 ml. 1.10N BuLi in 500 ml. dry Et20 was stirred. 1 hr., and 38 g. XXI in 260 ml. C6H6 and 500 ml. Et2O was added. After 1 hr., the mixt. was heated to 65-70.degree. in a pressure flask 5 hrs. The resulting gum was triturated thrice with 500 ml. portions of 33% C6H6 in Et2O. The dried exts. were concd. to a sirup, which was slurried in C6H6 and chromatographed on Al2O3. Elution with 30% Et2O in pert. ether and evapn. gave Et .alpha.-[1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]acrylate (XXII), m. 94-5.degree. (petroleum ether), which was saponified to the free acid, m. 187-8.degree. (EtOH). Treatment of 1.8 g. XXII in 10 ml. THF with 4 g. CH2I2, 1.25 g. Zn-Cu, and 0.2 g. iodine in 20 ml. THF with refluxing under N 20 hrs. gave 1.2 g. Et .alpha.-[1-(pchlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]cyclopropanecarboxylate. free acid, m. 220-4.degree., was obtained by saponification. The title compds. and their nontoxic salts have anti-inflammatory properties.

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ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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OREF 65:688d-h,689a-h,690a-h,691a-b
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GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Division of U.S. 3,196,162 (CA 63, 16308a). The title compds. (I) possess AB antiinflammatory activity, are effective in inhibiting or preventing formation of granuloma tissue and are therefore useful in the treatment of arthritic and dermatological disorders, exhibit anti-pyretic action, and are useful as sun-screening agents. The anti-inflammatory activity resides in the (+) stereoisomer (or D-isomer). A soln. of 25 q. p-MeOC6H4NHNH2.HCl and 20 g. MeCOCH2CH(Me)CO2Et (II) was heated on a steam bath a few min. to initiate an exothermic reaction. Without heating the mixt. was allowed to reflux gently until the reaction subsided, then refluxed 30 min. on a steam bath, and concd. in vacuo to 80 ml. The concentrate was dild. with 400 ml. H2O, extd. with Et2O, and the Et2O soln. worked up to give a sirup which was purified by chromatography over acid-washed alumina and the eluate was distd. in a short-path distn. app. to give III (R = Et, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = OMe) (IIIa), $\bar{b}0.25$ 150-3.degree., m. 535.5.degree.. A soln. of 13 g. IIIa in 75 ml. HCONMe2 was added to a stirred suspension of 2.5 g. NaH-mineral oil dispersion (contg. 52 wt.-% NaH) in 100 ml. HCONMe2, stirred 1 hr. at room temp., and treated with 8 g. o-ClC6H4CH2Cl. The mixt. was kept 14 hrs. at room temp., treated with 500 ml. H2O, extd. with Et2O, the Et2O soln. worked up to give a residue which was chromatographed as above to give I (R = Et, R1= H, R1 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = o-C1) (Ia), m. 118-22.degree.. A soln. of Ia in 125 ml. EtOH and 20 ml. 34% NaOH was refluxed 3 hrs., kept

3 days at room temp., dild. with 250 ml. H2O, concd. in vacuo to 200 ml., and extd. with Et20. The aq. layer was sepd. and acidified with 2.5N HCl to give 8.5 g. I (R = R1 = H, R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = o-C1), m. 191-2.degree. (C6H6). The Na, K, Li, Ca, and NH4+ salts of Ia were prepd. by treating Ia with an aq. soln. of the corresponding NH4+, alkali metal, or alk. earth metal carbonate or hydroxide. Following the above procedures, III (R = Et, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = MeO) (0.5 mole) was converted to its Na deriv. and the latter was treated with p-PhCH2OC6H4CH2Cl to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = MeO, R5= p-PhCH2O) which was saponified to I(R = R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = H)MeO, R5 = p-PhCH2O) (Ib). Treatment of Ib in EtOH with H in the presence of 10% Pd-C at 40 psi. gave I(R = H, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = MeO, R5= p-OH). A soln. of 100 g. p-HSC6H4Me in 250 ml. dry MeOCH2CH2OMe (IV) was added dropwise during 2 hrs. to a stirred suspension of 41.5 g. 50% NaH-mineral oil in 100 ml. IV at -5.degree. to 0.degree.. The mixt. was treated with 20 ml. tert-BuOH, stirred 15 min. at 0.degree., and treated with a stream of CHF2Cl 45 min. with stirring at -2.degree. to 0.degree. kept 14 hrs. at room temp., and worked up to give 112.3 g. p-CHF2SC6H4Me (V), b0.25 32-4.degree. n23D 1.5092. A mixt. of 8.7 g. V and 8.9 g. N-bromosuccinimide in 400 ml. CCl4 was irradiated 2 hrs. to give 7.0 g. p-CHF2SC6H4CH2Br, b0.3 74.degree., n22D 1.5625. The following compds. were similarly obtained by the above procedures: pCHF2OC6H4Me, b. 165-7.degree., and p-CHF2OC6H4CH2Br, b0.2 50-2.degree., n23D 1.5170. mixt. of 13 g. IIIa, 200 ml. MeOH, and 20 ml. 34% NaOH was refluxed 6 hrs. under N to give III (R = H, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = H) (IIIb), m. 163-5.degree.. IIIb was treated with NaH and p-ClC6H4CH2Cl (VI) as above to give Ic (see below). A mixt. of 18 g. IIIa, 20 g. mossy Sn, and 200 ml. 6N HCl was refluxed 18 hrs. to give 2.7 g. VII (R = Et, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = MeO) (VIIa). VIIa (0.1 mole) was treated with NaH and VI to give VIII (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = MeO, R5 = p-Cl) (VIIIa). Hydrolysis of VIIIa as above gave VIII (R = H, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = MeO, R5 = p-Cl). Similarly prepd. was VIII (R = R1 = R2 = R3 = H, R4 = R4MeO, R5 = MeS). A mixt. of 10 g. p-nitrophenylhydrazone of MeCOCH2CH(Me)CO2H, 28 g. freshly fused ZnCl2, and 20 ml. abs. EtOH was refluxed 12 hrs. under N, dild. with 200 ml. 2.5N HCl, extd. with 3 .times. 200 ml. Et20, and worked up to give III (R = Et, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = NO2), (IIIc). IIIc was converted to I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = R4 = NO2), (IIIc). Me, R4 = NO2, R5 = p-MeO) (Id). Id (0.05 mole) in 200 ml. EtOH was hydrogenated in the presence of 250 mg. 10% Pd-on-C at 40 psi. at room temp. to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = NH2, R5 =p-MeO)(Ie). A soln. of 0.05 mole Ie in 1000 ml. dry C5H5N and 6 g. Ac2O was kept 18 hrs. at room temp. to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 =Me, R4 = AcNH, R5 = p-MeO). Ie was treated with Me2SO4 and 10% NaOH at 0.degree. to 5.degree. to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 =Me2N, R5 = p-MeO), which was hydrolyzed as above to the free acid. A cold mixt. of 5.4 ml. 25% aq. Me2NH, 3 ml. AcOH, and 2.25 ml. 40% aq. HCHO was added to 4.4 g. 2-ethyl-5-methylindole (IX), kept 5 hrs. at room temp., and treated with 25 ml. 10% KOH to give 2-ethyl-5-methylgramine (X), m. 100-3.degree.. A soln. of 2 g. X, 4 g. KCN, and 32 ml. 80% EtOH was refluxed 68 hrs. to give 1 g. III (R = H, R2 = Et, R3 = H, R4 = Me), m. 137-8.degree.. A slow stream of N was passed for 1 hr. through a stirred, refluxing (210.degree.) mixt. of 50 g. 2,4-dimethylpropionanilide, 50 g. Nah, and 500 ml. PhNEt2. H2O (250 ml.) was added to the hot soln. and the aq. phase worked up to give 38 g. IX, m. 72-84.degree.. A mixt. of 53.3 g. p-H2NC6H4SH (XI) in 200 ml. EtOH and 60.2 g. pClC6H4CHO (XII) in 200 ml. EtOH was stirred 20 min. to give p-ClC6H4CH: NC6H4SH-p. This was added portionwise to a suspension of 11.52 g. NaH (52% in mineral oil) in 400 ml. HCONMe2 and treated with 35 g. MeI in 100 ml. HCONMe2 to give p-ClC6H4CH: NC6H4SMe-p (XIII). A suspension of 12 q. XIII in 300 ml. MeOH was reduced with 4 q. NaBH4 to give p-ClC6H4CH2NHC6H4SMe-p (XIV). A soln. of 60 g. XIV in 300 ml. AcOH was treated with 16 g. NaNO2 in 60 ml. H2O during 60 min. at 25-8.degree.. The resulting nitroso deriv. (3.8 g.) was reduced with Al amalgam (from 7 g. Al and 3 g. Hg(OAc)2 in iso-PrOH to

give N1 - p - chlorobenzyl - 4 - methylthiophenylhydrazine (XV).HCl, m. 140.5.degree.. XV (31 g.) was ring closed with 16 g. II in 400 ml. 7.5N ethanolic HCl to give 13 g. I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = MeS, R5 = p-C1), which on hydrolysis gave the corresponding acid, m. 154-60.degree. (MeCN). A soln. of 120 g. PhSMe and 69 g. ClCH2OMe in 600 ml. AcOH was heated at 78-80.degree. for 2 days to give 68 g. p-MeSC6H4CH2Cl (XVI), bl 99.degree.. A cooled soln. (2.degree.) of 25 g. p-H2NC6H4CH2OH in 200 ml. H2O contg. 80 ml. concd. HCl was treated with a soln. of 15.5 g. NaNO2 in 40 ml. H2O, neutralized with AcOK, filtered, and the filtrate added to 97.6 g. K Et xanthate in 1000 ml. H2O at 75-80.degree.. The mixt. was heated on a steam bath 1 hr., the product (oil) isolated, and treated with 33 g. KOH in 300 ml. EtOH and 50.6 g. PhCH2Cl to give p-PhCH2SC6H4CH2OH (XVII), m. 75-81.degree.. A soln. of 10.7 g. XVII in 100 ml. SOC12 at 0.degree. was kept 1 hr. to give p-PhCH2SC6H4CH2Cl, m. 91-3.degree.. A cooled suspension of 6 g. If (see below) in 150 ml. liquid NH3 was treated with 1.3 g. Na, to give I (R = H, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = p-HS), m. 161-4.degree.. A soln. of 61 g. p-F3CC6H4Br in 60 ml. Et2O was added to a mixt. of 7.29 g. Mg shavings in 50 ml. dry Et20. The mixt. was stirred and treated with 2 ml. freshly prepd. MeMgI in Et20, 200 ml. Et20, and refluxed 1.5 hrs. The soln. was cooled and treated with 81 g. HCONMePh and worked up to give p-F3CC6H4CHO (XVIII), b12 64.degree., n22D 1.4633. A soln. of 20.9 g. XVIII in 100 ml. MeOH was treated with 2.5 g. NaBH4 to give p-F3CC6H4CH2OH, b12 85-8.degree., which was converted to the acid chloride with SOC12, b12 68.degree., n22D 1.4622. A soln. of 2 g. Ig (see below) and 25 ml. 30% NaOH in 150 ml. EtOH was refluxed 18 hrs. to give I (R = R1= H, R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = CO2H), m. 230-4.degree.. A mixt. of 4.25 g. Id, 100 ml. Ac20, and 100 ml. AcOH was reductively acetylated in the presence of 1 g. Pd-on-C to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = Me, R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = p-AcNH), which was hydrolyzed to the corresponding acid. A mixt. of 59.7 g. p-MeC6H4SO2NMe2 and 53.4 g. N-bromosuccinimide in 500 ml. CC14 was refluxed 2.5 hrs. to give p-BrC6H4SO2NMe2, m. 85-108.degree.. A soln. of 36.02 g. MeP(Ph3)Br and 94.36 ml. of 1.10N BuLi in 500 ml. dry Et20 was stirred 1 hr. at room temp. under N, treated with 38 g. Et .alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)-oxoacetate (XIX) in 260 ml. C6H6, then with 500 ml. Et2O, stirred 1 hr., heated 5 hrs. in a closed flask at 65-70.degree., and worked up to give Et .alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl) acrylate (XX), m. 94-5.degree.. XIX was hydrolyzed to the corresponding free acid, m. 187-8.degree.. A soln. of 19 g. (COC1)2 in 25 ml. Et20 was added rapidly to an ice cold mixt. of 35.7 g. 1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxyindole in 900 ml. Et20, stirred 2 hrs., and filtered. The filter cake was dissolved in 600 ml. EtOH, treated with 0.12 mole NaOEt, stirred 1 hr., and poured into an equal vol. H2O contg. 10ml. AcOH to give XIX, m. 113.degree.. To a soln. of 1.8 g. XX in 10 ml. tetrahydrofuran (THF) was added 4 g. CH2I2, 1.25 g. Zn-Cu couple, and 0.2 g. iodine in 20 ml. dry THF and stirred 20 hrs. under N to give 1.2 g. Et .alpha.-(1-pchlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)cyclopropylcarboxylate, which was hydrolyzed to the corresponding acid, m. 220-4.degree.. p-MeOC6H4N:CHC6H3(OMe)2-2,4, m. 126-7.degree., obtained as above from 37 g. p-MeOC6H4NH2 and 50 g. 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3CHO in 250 ml. EtOH and in the presence of Raney Ni at 40 psi. of H was converted by treatment with NaNO2 and Al amalgam to N-(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-p-methoxyphenylhydrazine-HCl, m.136-9.degree.. A hot soln. of racemic Ie (24.9 g.) and 9.5 g. (+)-.alpha.-PhCH2NH2 (XXI) in boiling EtOH was cooled to give pure (+)-.alpha.-Ie.(+)-.alpha.-XXI salt, m. 170-2.degree., [.alpha.]22D 38.5.degree. (c 1, MeOH). From the salt was regenerated in the usual manner pure (+)-.alpha.-Ie, m. 118.degree., [.alpha.]22D 62.4.degree. (c 0.94, EtOH). The following were obtained by similar resolutions: (+)-.alpha.-Ic.(+)-.alpha.-XXI, m. 148-9.degree., [.alpha.]22D 43 (c 1, MeOH); (+)-.alpha.-Ic, m. 156-7.degree., [.alpha.] 22D 60 (c 1, EtOH); and (-)-.alpha.-Ic, m. 153-4.degree., [.alpha.]23D -58.degree. (c 1, EtOH). A mixt. of 8.8 g. Ie and 14 g. urea was heated 1.5 hrs. at 190-200.degree.

to give the corresponding amide, m. 143-4.degree.. Ih (see below) was refluxed with Ac2O to give (1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-carboxy-5-methoxy-3indolyl)acetic acid anhydride, m. 205-11.degree., which was treated with NaOEt in EtOH at 0.degree. to give I (R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = CO2H, R3 = H, R4 = MeO, R5 = p-Cl) (Ii), m. 214-16.degree.. A. soln. of 0.05 mole Ii in 200 ml. C6H6 was added dropwise to a soln. of 0.06 mole SOC12 in 20 ml. C6H6 to give the corresponding 2-chlorocarbonyl deriv. (XXII). A soln. of 0.02 mole XXII in 100 ml. tetrahydrofuran was added dropwise to a soln. of Li tri-(tert-butoxy) aluminum hydride in tetrahydrofuran to give the corresponding 2-formyl deriv., which was reduced with NaBH4 to the 2-CH2OH compd. MeSH (24 g.) was bubbled into 350 ml. EtOH contg. 32.5 g. 86.5% This soln. was treated with 1.2 ml. H2O, then a soln. of 70.3 g. XII in 150 ml. EtOH, and refluxed 3 hrs. while MeSH was slowly bubbled in to give p-Me SC6H4CHO (XXIII). A mixt. of 20 g. XXIII, 8 g. Al[OCH(Me)2]3, and 300 ml. iso-PrOH was heated 3.5 hrs. and worked up to give p-MeSC6H4CH2OH (XXIV). A cooled soln. of 19.5 g. XXIV in 25 ml. C6H6 was treated with 23 g. SOC12 to give XVI. Standard procedures are given for the prepn. of a number of metal salts of some of the above compds. following I were similarly prepd. by the above procedures (R, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, and m.p. given): Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, m-Cl, -; H, H, Me, MeO, m-Cl, 191-2.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, 2,4-Cl2, 130.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, 2,4-Cl2, 184-6.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, Me, p-Cl, 89-90.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, Me, p-Cl, 185-6.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeO, sirup; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeO, 153-3.5.degree.; Et, H, Me, MeO, p-F, -; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-F, 164-5.degree.; Et, H, Me, MeO, p-CHF2S, oil; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-CHF2S, 132-3.degree.; Et, H, Me, MeO, p-CHF2O, oil; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-CHF2O, 144-6.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-Cl, oil; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-Cl (Ic), 163-5.degree.; Me, Me, Me, H, MeO, p-Cl, -; H, Me, Me, H, MeO, pCl, -; Et, H, H, H, MeO, p-F, -; H, H, H, MeO, p-F, -; H, H, H, MeO, p-Cl, 144-8.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, NO2, p-MeO (Id), -; H, H, Me, Me, NO2, .p-MeO, -; H, H, Me, Me, NH2, p-MeO, -; H, H, Me, Me, AcNH, p-MeO, -; H, H, Et, H, Me, p-Cl, -; Et, H, Me, MeO, p-MeS, -; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeS, 170-1.degree.; H, H, Me, H, H, p-Cl, -; Et, H, Ph, H, MeO, p-Cl, -; H, H, Ph, H, MeO, p-Cl, -; H, H, Me, MeO, p-MeS (Ie), 170-3.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-HS, -; H, H, Me, MeO, p-PhCH2S (If), 150-3.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeSO, -; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeSO, 98-101.degree. H, H, CF3, H, MeO, p-MeS, 168-72.degree.; Me, H, Me, H, MeO, p-MeS, -; H, H, Me, H, MeO, p-MeS, 155-6.5.degree.; Et, H, Me, H, MeO, p-MeS, 94-5.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, Me, p-MeS, 111-13.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, Me, p-MeS, 184-7.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, pCF3, 176-80.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-NC (Ig), 72.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-NC, 197-200.degree.; Et, H, Me, MeO, p-NO2, 102-3.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-NO2, 188-90.degree.; Et, H, Me, MeO, p-NMe2, -; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-NMe2, 193-4.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-Me2NSO2, 140.degree.; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, pMe2NSO2, 156.5-8.5.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-EtS, -; H, H, Me, MeO, p-EtS, 126-33.degree.; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, p-PhS, -; H, H, Me, MeO, p-PhS, -; Et, H, H, H, MeO, pMeS, -; H, H, H, MeO, p-Cl, 146-8.degree.; H, H, CH2Ph, Me, MeO, p-Cl, -; H, H, CH2Ph, Me, MeO, p-Cl, -; Et, H, Me, Me, MeO, 2,4-(MeO)2, -; H, H, Me, Me, MeO, 2,4-MeO)2, -; Et, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeS, -; H, Me, Me, MeO, p-MeS, -; and H, H, CO2H, H, MeO, p-Cl (Ih), 213-18.degree.. The following III derivs. were similarly prepd. by the procedures given above (R, R2 R3, and R4 given); Et, Me, Me, Me, bl 150-70.degree., m. 88-8.5.degree.; Et, H, H, MeO; and Et, Me, H, Cl, m. 85.degree.. prepd. by the procedure given above was p-02NC6H4CH2N(NH.HCl)C6H4MeO-p, m. 147-50.degree..

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OREF 63:16308a-h,16309a-c

TI Indolyl aliphatic acids

IN Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, Tsung Y.

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     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     The title compds. (Ia) are antiinflammatory and sunscreening agents, some
AΒ
     of which have antipyretic action p-Methoxyphenyl-hydrazine-HCl (25 g.) and
     20 g. Et .alpha.-methyllevulinate in 250 ml. 2N ethanolic HCl was refluxed
     to give Et .alpha.-(2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)propionate (I), b0.25
     150-3.degree. m. 53-5.5.degree.. Et .alpha.-(2,5-dimethyl-3-
     indolyl)propionate, bl 150-170.degree. (bath temp.), m. 88-8.5.degree.
     (petroleum ether), was similarly prepd. I was hydrolyzed to the free acid,
     m. 163-5.degree. (aq. EtOH). I (13 g.) in 75 ml. dimethylformamide (II)
     was added to a stirred suspension of 2.5 g. of a NaH-mineral oil
     dispersion (contg. 52 wt.-% NaH) in 100 ml. II. The mixt. was stirred at
     room temp. for 1 hr., then 8 g. o-chlorobenzyl chloride was added slowly.
     The resulting mixt. kept at room temp. 14 hrs. gave Et .alpha.
     -(1-o-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)propionate (III),
     118-122.degree.. III was sapond. to give the free acid, m. 191-2.degree.
     (benzene). In a similar manner, the following Ia (R1 = R6 = H, R2 = R3 =
    Me), were prepd. (R, R4, R5, and m.p. given): H, OCH3, m-Cl,
    191-2.degree.; Et OCH3, o,p-di-Cl, 130.degree.; H, OCH3, o,p-di-Cl
    184-6.degree.; Et CH3, p-Cl, 89-90.degree.; H, CH3, p-Cl, 185-6.degree.;
    H, OCH3, p-OCH3, 153-3.5.degree.; H, OCH3, p-F, 164-5.degree.; Et, OCH3,
    p-SCHF2, -; H, OCH3, p-SCHF2, 132-3.degree.; Et, OCH3, p-OCHF2, -; H,
    OCH3, p-OCHF2, 144-6.degree.; H, OCH3, p-Cl, 163-5.degree.; H, OCH3,
    p-SCH3, 170-1.degree.; H, OCH3, p-SCH2Ph, 150-3.degree.; H, OCH3, p-SH,
    161-4.degree.; H, OCH3, p-SOCH3, 194-6.degree.; H, OCH3, p-SOCH3,
    98-101.degree.; Et, CH3, p-SCH3, 111-13.degree.; H, CH3, p-SCH3,
    184-7.degree.; H, OCH3, p-CF3, 176-80.degree.; Et, OCH3, p-CN, 72.degree.;
    H, OCH3, p-CN, 197-200.degree.; H, OCH3, p-COOH, 230-4.degree.; Et, OCH3,
    p-NO2, 102-3.degree.; H, OCH3, p-NO2, 188-90.degree.; H, OCH3, p-N(CH3)2,
    193-4.degree.; Et, OCH3, p-SO2N- (CH3)2, 140.degree.; H, OCH3,
    p-SO2N(CH3)2, 156.5-8.5.degree.; H, OCH3, p-SEt, 126-33.degree..
     .alpha.-(1-p-Methylthiobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)propionic acid
     (IV) (8.8 g.) and 14 g. urea was heated at 190-200.degree. for 1.5 hrs. to
    give the amide of IV m. 143-4.degree.. IV (4.45 g.) was slurried in 12 ml.
    MeOH, 5.2 ml. 2.21N NaOCH3 in MeOH was added under N and the soln. was
    concd. to a sirup to give the Na salt of IV. The Al salt of IV was also
    prepd. In the prepn. of .alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methylthio-3-
    indolyl)propionic acid (V), N-p-chlorobenzylidene-4-mercaptoaniline (VI)
    was prepd. from 53.3 g. p-aminothiophenol in 200 ml. EtOH and 60.2 q.
    p-chlorobenzaldehyde in 200 ml. EtOH. VI (58.2 g.) was treated with 11.52
    g. NaH (52% in mineral oil) in 400 ml. II and 35 g. CH3I in 100 ml. II to
    give N-p-chlorobenzylidene-4-methylthioaniline (VII). VII was treated with
    NaBH4 to give N-p-chlorobenzyl-4-methylthioaniline. The corresponding
    nitroso deriv. was prepd. and reduced to give N'-p-chlorobenzyl-4-
    methylthiophenylhydrazine-HCl m. 140.5.degree. (EtOH). Ring closure of the
    hydrazine with Et .alpha.-methyllevulinate gave the Et ester of V as a
    yellow sirup. The ester was sapond. to V, m. 154-60.degree.
    (acetonitrile). The following intermediates were also prepd.:
    p-difluoromethylthiotoluene, b0.35 32-4.degree., n23D 1.5092;
    p-difluoromethylthiobenzyl bromide, b0.3 74.degree., n22D 1.5622;
    p-difluoromethoxytoluene, b. 165-7.degree.; p-difluoromethoxybenzyl
    bromide, b0.2 50-2.degree. n23D 1.5170; p-methylthiobenzyl chloride b1
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99.degree.; p-trifluoromethylbenzaldehyde, b12 64.degree., n22D 1.4633;

p-trifluoromethylbenzyl chloride, b12 68.degree., n22D 1.4622;

p-trifluoromethylbenzyl alcohol, b12 85-8.degree., n22D 1.4562; N'-(p-nit robenzyl)-N-(p-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine-HCl, 147-150.degree.; NN-dimethyl-p-bromomethylbenzenesulfonamide, 85-108.degree.; p-ethylthiobenzyl chloride, b. 92-103.degree./250-400 m.mu.; phenylthiobenzyl chloride (39%, by analysis), b. 85-145.degree./50 m.mu.; N-(o,p-dimethoxybenzyl)-p-methoxyaniline, 126-7.degree.; N'(o,p-dimethoxybenzyl)-N-(p-methoxyphenyl)hydrazine-HCl, 136-9.degree.. Also prepd. were the following Ia (R3 = R6 = H) (R, R1, R2, R4, R5, andm.p. given): H, H, H, OCH3, p-Cl, 144-8.degree.; H, H, CF3, OCH3, p-SCH3, 168-72.degree.; H, H, CH3, OCH3, p-SCH3, 155-6.5.degree.; Et, H, CH3, OCH3, p-SCH3, 94-5.degree.; H, H, H, OCH3, p-Cl, 146-8.degree.; H, H, COOH, OCH3, p-Cl, 213-18.degree.; Et, H, COOH, OCH3, p-Cl, 214-16.degree.; H, H, H, OCH3, p-Cl, 146-8.degree. The following intermediates were prepd.: 2-ethyl-5-methylindole, 72-4.degree.; 2-ethyl-5-gramine, m. 100-3.degree.; .alpha.-(2-ethyl-5-methyl-3-indolyl)acetic acid, m. 137-8.degree.; Et 2-methyl-5-chloro-3-indolylacetate, m. 85.degree.. Oxalyl chloride (19 g.) in 25 ml. ether was added rapidly to an ice cold mixt. of 35.7 g. 1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxyindole in 900 ml. ether and the mixt. stirred for 2 hrs.; the solid recovered was added to 660 ml. EtOH and treated with 0.12 moles NaCl. After being stirred 1 hr., the mixt. was poured into an equal vol. of H2 O contg. 10 ml. acetic acid to give Et .alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl)oxoacetate (VIII), m. 113.degree.. VIII (38 g.) in 260 ml. benzene and 500 ml. dry ether was added to a mixt. of 500 ml. dry ether, 36.02 g. triphenylphosphonium bromide, and 94.36 ml. 1.10N BuLi under N. After stirring 1 hr., the mixt. was heated in a closed flask at 65-70.degree. for 5 hrs. to give Et .alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl)acrylate (IX), m. 94-5.degree.. The free acid m. 187-8.degree. (EtOH). IX (1.8 g.) in 10 ml. dry tetrahydrofuran was added to 4 g. diiodomethane, 1.25 g. Zn-Cu couple, and 0.2 g. iodine in 20 ml. dry tetrahydrofuran. The mixt. was refluxed to give Et .alpha.-(1-pchlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)cyclopropa-necarboxylate (X). X was hydrolyzed to the free acid, m. 220-4.degree.. In addition, racemic and optically active forms were prepd.: (+)-.alpha.-(1-p-methylthiobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)pr-opionic acid (+)-.alpha.-phenethylamine salt m. 170-2.degree., [.alpha.]22 D 38.5.degree. (c 1, MeOH); the free acid of the preceding salt, m. 118.degree., [.alpha.]22 D 62.4.degree. (c 0.94, EtOH); (+)-.alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl)propionic acid (+)-.alpha.-phenethylamine salt, m. 148-9.degree., [.alpha.]22 D 43.degree. (c 1, MeOH); the free acid (XI) of the preceding salt m. 156-7.degree., [.alpha.]22 D 60.degree. (c 1, EtOH); the dl form of XI; the (-) form of XI, m. 153-4.degree., [.alpha.]23D -58.degree. (c 1, EtOH); (-)-.alpha.-(1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl)propionic acid (-)-.alpha.-phenethylamine salt. Racemic forms of .alpha.-[1-p-fluoro(and methoxy)benzyl-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionic acids and of 1-(1-p-methylthio-benzyl-2,5-dimethyl-3indolyl)propionic acid were also prepd. ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

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AN
     1965:462954 HCAPLUS
DN
     63:62954
OREF 63:11509b-f
     1-Aryloxindoles
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IN
     Archer, Sydney; Schulenberg, John W.
PA
     Sterling Drug Inc.
     10 pp.
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     Unavailable
NCL 260139000
     37 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
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PI US 3189617 19650615 US 19610203

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB

A mixt. of I and II was obtained on heating III with a strong base under anhyd. conditions. The 3-aroyl group in I can be split off to give a 1-aryloxindole (IV). I and IV possess hypotensive activity, while II have antibacterial properties. On mixing 56.5 g. Me 2-benzamidophenylacetate and 43.7 g. PCl5, a spontaneous reaction occurred, after which the mixt. was heated on a steam bath until HCl evolution ceased and the POC13 removed in vacuo at 50.degree. to yield PhCCl:NA (V) (A = 2-MeO2CC6H4 throughout), a red oil. A soln. of 35 g. Me salicylate in 50 ml. MeOH was added guickly to a stirred soln. of 12.4 g. MeONa in 200 ml. MeOH under N, then a soln. of V in 65 ml. abs. Et20 added during 5 min., and the mixt. stirred 3 hrs. at room temp. to give 59.2 g. AN:CPh(OC6H4CO2Me-2) (VI), m. 62.2-5.2.degree. (MeOH). VI (39.2 g.) was heated 12 min. at 280-95.degree. to yield 32.6 g. III (Z = Me, Ar = Ph, Ar1 = A) (VII), m. 117-21.8.degree. (MeOH). To a stirred mixt. of 19 g. VII in 125 ml. hot C6H6 in a N atm. was added 2.7 g. MeONa, the mixt. refluxed 1 hr. while distd. and adding C6H6, then cooled, and poured on dil. HCl, whereupon a mixt. of two compds. sepd., from which was obtained 12.6 g. I CAr = Ph, Ar1 = A) (VIII), m. 135.2-8.0.degree. (free acid m. 208.610.0.degree.), and II (Z = H, Ar = Ph, Ar1 = A), m. 254-60.degree. (MeOH). A soln. of 6.8 g. VIII, 60 ml. AcOH, and 60 ml. 48% HBr was refluxed 1 hr. to yield 1.9 g. 1-(2-carboxyphenyl)oxindole (IX), m. 207.5-9.5.degree.. A soln. of 16.1 q. VII, 35 q. KOH, 150 ml. H2O and 75 ml. dioxane was refluxed 16 hrs. to give o-(2-carboxyanilino)phenylacetic acid, m. 187.0-90.6.degree., which refluxed with 48% HBr and AcOH yielded IX. Similarly prepd. were 2-EtO2CCH2C6H4N: CPh(OC6H4CO2Me-2), m. 92.5-90.degree.; III (Z = Et, Ar =Ph, Ar1 = A), m. 114.5-16.degree.; mixt. of I(Ar = Ph, Ar1 = EtO2CC6H4) (X), m. 142-4.degree. and II (Z = H, Ar = Ph, Ar1 = 2-EtO2CC6H4), m. 278-81.degree.. A mixt. of 4.9 g. X, 40 ml. EtOH, 30 ml. concd. HCl and 20 ml. dioxane was refluxed 12 hrs. to give 1-(2-carbethoxy)oxindole, m. 118.5-21.5.degree.. Also prepd. were III (Z = Me, Ar = Ar1 = Ph), m. 132.5-4.5.degree.; mixt. of I (At = Ar1 = Ph) (XI), m. 116.6-19.4.degree. and II (Z = Me, Ar = Ar1 = Ph) (XII), m. 193.5-5.0.degree. XI was also obtained by condensing 1-phenyloxindole with PhCO2Et in the presence of Ph2NN: (Ph) CH2CO2Et on heating with EtOH and HCl yielded II (Z = Et, Ar = Ar1 = Ph), m. 149-50.5.degree. [free acid m. 247.6.degree. (decompn.); Na-salt m. >300.degree.], whose Me ester was identical with XII. Pertinent uv and ir spectral data are given for most of these compds.

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1961:137418 HCAPLUS

DN 55:137418

OREF 55:25908i,25909a-i,25910a

TI An unusual base-catalyzed cyclization

AU Schulenburg, John W.; Archer, S.

CS Sterling-Winthrop Research Inst., Rensselaer, NY

SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1961), 83, 3091-6

DT Journal

LA Unavailable

CC 10G (Organic Chemistry: Heterocyclic Compounds)

The reaction of o-MeO2CCH2C6H4NBzC6H4CO2Me-o (I) with NaOMe gave 3-benzoyl-1-(o-carbomethoxyphenyl)oxindole (II) and a related indole, probably 1-(o-carbomethoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-3-indolecarboxylic acid (III), instead of the expected Dieckmann product. o-BzPhNC6H4CH2CO2Me (IV) yielded similarly 3-benzoyl-1-phenyloxindole (V) and Me 1,2-diphenyl-3-indolecarboxylate (VI). o-O2NC6H4CH2CO2Me (VII) in MeOH hydrogenated over Pt, and the resulting crude o-H2N analog (VIII) of VII, orange oil, treated with BzCl in C5H5N gave 72-8% N-Bz deriv. (IX) of VIII. o-O2NC6H4CH2CO2Et hydrogenated in EtOH and treated with BzCl-C5H5N gave o-BzNHC6H4CH2CO2Et (X). IX (56.5 g.) and 43.7 g. PCl5 heated on the steam bath and evapd. in vacuo at 50.degree. and the residue codistd. with

PhMe left red oily o-PhCCl:NC6H4CH2CO2Me (XI). o-HOC6H4CO2Me (XII) (35.0 g.) in 50 cc. MeOH added with stirring to 12.4 g. NaOMe in 200 cc. MeOH under N, treated with the XI in 65 cc. dry Et20 during 5 min., stirred 3 hrs. at room temp., dild. with H2O, and extd. with Et2O yielded 59.2 g. o-MeO2CCH2C6H4N: CPhOC6H4CO2Me-o (XIII), m. 62-5.degree. (MeOH). XI (from 51 g. X and 37.5 g. PCl5) in 50 cc. dry Et2O added to 10.8 g. NaOMe in 200 cc. MeOH and 30.4 g. XII in 50 cc. MeOH gave 47.2 g. o-EtO2CCH2C6H4N:CPhOC6H4CO2Me-o (XIV), m. 92.5-96.degree. (abs. EtOH). XIII (39.2 g.) heated 12 min. at 280-95.degree. gave 32.6 g. I, m. 115-18.5.degree. (MeOH). XIV (27.2 g.) pyrolyzed during 12 min. yielded 24.8 g. o-EtO2CCH2C6H4NBzC6H4CO2Me-o (XV), m. 114.5-16.degree.. I (19.0 g.) in 125 cc. hot C6H6 treated with stirring under N with 2.7 g. NaOMe, refluxed 1 hr. with removal of solvent while the vol. was maintained above 50 cc. by the occasional addn. of dry C6H6, cooled, and worked up gave 12.6 g. II, m. 136-8.degree. (MeOH); it gave a dark green color with FeCl3. A similar run performed in PhMe, and the crude product boiled with cyclohexane left a small amt. of III, m. 254-60.degree. (MeOH); the filtrate gave II. XV (43.0 g.) in 125 cc. dry PhMe refluxed 2 hrs. with dry NaOEt (from 2.76 g. Na) under N gave 29.0 g. Et ester analog (XVI) of II, m. 142-4.degree. (EtOAc); it gave a dark green color with FeCl3; the mother liquor yielded 2 g. Et ester analog of III, m. 278-81.degree. (EtOH). Crude XVI, m. 128-33.degree., was also obtained from I and NaOEt in PhMe. I (16.1 g.), 35 g. KOH, 150 cc. H2O, and 75 cc. dioxane refluxed 16 hrs., washed with Et2O, and acidified below 15.degree. with excess HCl, and the gummy ppt. extd. with Et20 gave 3.0 g. o-HO2CCH2C6H4NHC6H4CO2H-o (XVII), m. 181-3.degree. (decompn.) (EtOAc). XVI (2 g.) refluxed 2 hrs. with 3 g. KOH in 60 cc. H2O yielded 550 mg. XVII, m. 181-3.degree. (decompn.) (EtOAc). I (2 g.) refluxed 1 hr. with 3 g. KOH in 50 cc. H2O and acidified gave o-[o-HO2CC6H4NBz]C6H4CH2CO2Me, m. 208-10.degree. (Me2CO-hexane). XVII (0.8 g.), 10 cc. AcOH, and 10 cc. 48% HBr refluxed 0.5 hr. gave 1-(o-carboxyphenyl)oxindole (XVIII), m. 206-9.degree. (EtOAc). II (6.8 g.), 60 cc. AcOH, and 60 cc. 48% HBr refluxed 1 hr. gave 1.9 g. XVIII, m. 207.5-9.5.degree. (EtOAc-hexane); XVIII was also obtained similarly from XVI. XVI (4.9 g.), 40 cc. EtOH, 30 cc. concd. HCl, and 20 cc. dioxane refluxed 12 hrs. yielded 1.2 g. Et ester of XVIII, m. 118.5-21.5.degree. (iso-PrOH). II (10.0 g.), 20 g. K2CO3, 500 cc. MeOH, and 125 cc. H2O refluxed 3 hrs. gave 6.3 g. light yellow 3-Bz deriv. of XVIII, m. 206-9.degree. (C6H6); it gave a green color with FeCl3. IV (1.38 g.) cyclized in the usual manner with 270 mg. NaOMe, dild. with H2O, extd. with CHCl3, and acidified with HCl yielded 420 mg. V, m. 118-21.degree. (iso-PrOH); it gave an intense color with FeCl3; the CHCl3 ext. evapd. gave 90 mg. VI, needles, m. 193.5-95.degree. (MeOH). 1-Phenyloxindole (8.4 g.), 50 cc. EtOH, and 15 g. BzOEt refluxed 2 hrs. with NaOEt in 40 cc. abs. EtOH (from 2.3 g. Na) gave 2.3 g. V, m. 117.5-20.5.degree. (isoPrOH), and some unreacted 1-phenyloxindole. BzCH2-CO2Et and Ph2NNH2 gave PhC(:NNPh2)CH2CO2Et; a 39-g. portion in 250 cc. warm EtOH treated with 250 cc. EtOH satd. with dry HCl and refluxed 1 hr. yielded 17.5 g. Et ester (XIX) of 1,2-diphenyl-3-indolecarboxylic acid (XX), m. 149-50.5.degree. (EtOH). XIX (3 g.), 25 cc. 35% aq. NaOH, 15 cc. H2O, and 50 cc. MeOH refluxed 18 hrs., cooled, and filtered, and the residual Na salt dissolved in hot H2O and treated with excess HCl gave XX, m. 244-5.degree. (decompn.) (Me2CO); Na salt, needles, m. above 300.degree. (H2O). XX (1 g.) and 10 cc. SOCl2 refluxed 45 min. and evapd. in vacuo, and the residue refluxed 45 min. with 10 cc. MeOH yielded VI, needles, m. 195-6.degree. (MeOH). V (1 g.), 1 g. NaOMe, and 15 cc. dry xylene refluxed 5 hrs. gave only a trace of neutral material; the acid fraction gave unchanged V. V (0.8 g.) and 20 cc. alc. HCl refluxed 3 hrs. gave 1-phenyloxindole, m. 121-3.degree. (95% EtOH). V (0.5 g.), 30 cc. EtOH, 10 cc. concd. aq. HCl, and 10 cc. H2O refluxed 5 hrs. gave only 1-phenyloxindole.

DN 55:27828

OREF 55:5461c-i,5462a

Syntheses and spectroscopic properties in the ultraviolet region of .alpha.-substituted .alpha.-chloroselenophene derivatives

Chierici, Luigi; Pappalardo, Giovanni ΑU

CS Univ. Parma, Italy

SO Gazz. chim. ital (1959), 89, 1900-9

DTJournal

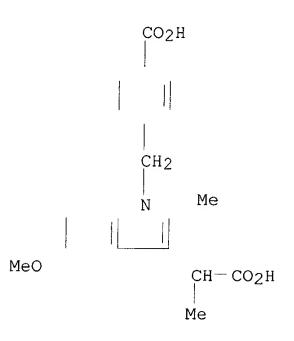
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CC10G (Organic Chemistry: Heterocyclic Compounds)

cf. CA 53, 18000d. POCl3 (9.4 g.) and 8.1 g. PhNMeCHO in 20 ml. PhCl AΒ stirred 30 min. at 50.degree. with addn. of 12.3 g. 2-ClC4H3Se (I), the mixt. stirred 18 hrs. at 20.degree., poured into cracked ice, extd. with Et20, the ext. neutralized with NaHCO3, dried (Na2SO4), evapd., and the residue distd. gave faintly yellow oily 2-ClC4H2SeR-5 (II, \bar{R} = CHO) (III), b15 109.degree. phenylhydrazone m. 131.degree.; semicarbazone m. 209.degree. (alc.). I (16.4 g.) and 1.17 g. 83% H3PO4 stirred 3 hrs. in 11.9 g. Ac20 at 130.degree., kept 12 hrs. at 20.degree., poured into 200 ml. H2O, the neutralized (NaHCO3) soln. extd. repeatedly with Et2O, the dried (CaCl2) ext. evapd., and the residue crystd. (dil. alc.) gave II (R = Ac) (IV), m. 57-8.degree.; phenylhydrazone m. 128.degree. (alc.); semicarbazone m. 228.degree. (dil. alc.). NaOH (4 g.) in 6 ml. H2O and 25 g. ice satd. with 2.8 g. Cl and stirred at 70.degree., 1.7 g. finely powd. I slowly added at 40.degree., the mixt. treated at 0.degree. with 1.4 g. NaHSO3 in concd. aq. soln., acidified with HCl, filtered, and the product (90%) crystd. from dil. alc. gave II (R = CO2H) (V), m. 172.degree.. AgNO3 (3.75 g.) and 1.75 g. NaOH in 15 ml. H2O at 0.degree. (ice bath) stirred with dropwise addn. of 2 g. III, the mixt. stirred 30 min., filtered, the ppt. washed with ice H2O, the filtrate and washings acidified with dil. HCl, and the ppt. (60%) crystd. from dil. alc. gave V, also produced in 19% yield by treating 2 g. 2-C4H3SeCO2H in 120 ml. AcOH at 20.degree. with 1 g. Cl, keeping the mixt. several min. before pouring into 700 ml. ice H2O, and keeping the mixt. 12 hrs. at room temp. V (2.5 g.) in 50 ml. MeOH satd. with dry HCl, the mixt. heated 20 min. on a steam bath, concd. to 20 ml., poured into 200 ml. H2O, neutralized with NaHCO3, and extd. with Et20 gave II (R = CO2Me) (VI), m. 27-8.degree. (dil. alc.). Similarly was produced the corresponding II (R = CO2Et) (VII), b14 120.degree.. V (3 g.) treated at 30.degree. with 5.7 ml. SOC12 with evolution of HCl, the mixt. heated 20 min. at 35.degree., cooled with ice, dild. with 50 ml. Et20, satd. with dry NH3, the product washed repeatedly with H2O, extd. with Et2O, and the dried (CaCl2) ext. evapd. gave II (R =CONH2) (VIII), m. 117.degree. (abs. alc.). Similarly were obtained II (R = CONHMe) (IX), m. 163.degree. (abs. alc.), and II (R = CONMe2) (X), b14 110.degree.. The ultraviolet absorption curves of II were scarcely affected by the solvent (95% alc. or C6H14) and the max. were tabulated [compd., .lambda. in m.mu. (log .epsilon.) in C6H14 and 95% alc. given]: I, 244.5, - (4.00, -), 245.5, - (4.00, -); III, 300 and 279 (3.90, 4.04), 307 and 281 (3.88, 4.04); IV, 301 and 279 (3.91, 4.06), 306 and 282 (3.90, 4.05); V, 290 and 275 (4.03, 4.08), 270 (4.05); VI, 285 and 272 (4.01, 4.08), 287 and 273 (4.00, 4.08); VII, 286 and 271 (4.04, 4.12), 287 and 273 (3.99, 4.10); VIII, -(-), 287 and 273 (3.94, 4.02); IX, -(-), 286 and 276 (3.99, 4.05); X, 307 and 284 (3.94, 4.07), 286 and 272 (4.02, The 2 original bands of C4H4Se at 232 and 251 m.mu. were fused by the introduction of .alpha.-Cl to give a single band at 244.5 m.mu. (log .epsilon. 4.00), analogous to that of the corresponding .alpha.-BrC4H3Se, .lambda. 250 m.mu. (log .epsilon. 3.92). Similarly, the 2 bands of .alpha.-RC4H2Se located in the region 260-300 m.mu. were similarly compressed by introduction of the .alpha.'-Cl atom. The variation in energy due to the substitution of Cl was of the same order as that induced by Br in the corresponding Br derivs. In comparison with the isosteric thiophenes, the results showed that the aromatic character of the selenophene nucleus could be considered equal to or a little superior to that of the thiophene nucleus.

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96761-91-0 97152-77-7 97257-35-7 101316-92-1 101698-87-7 101918-24-5 102130-47-2 102263-44-5 102602-92-6 106249-10-9 106524-27-0 3447-34-5 HCAOLD
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CN Indole-3-acetic acid, 1-(p-carboxybenzyl)-5-methoxy-.alpha.,2-dimethyl-(7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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ANSWER 2 OF 7 HCAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN
     CA65:3840e CAOLD
TI
     .alpha.-(1-benzyl-3-indolyl)alkanecarboxylic acids
ΑU
     Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, T. Y.
PΑ
     Merck & Co., Inc.
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PI
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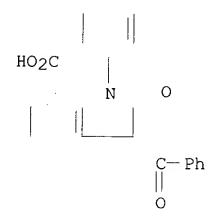
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ANSWER 3 OF 7 HCAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L6
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AN
     indolyl aliphatic acids
TI
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ΑU
     Merck & Co., Inc.
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                                 1966
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     Indole-3-acetic acid, 1-(p-carboxybenzyl)-5-methoxy-.alpha.,2-dimethyl-
CN
     (7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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L6
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ΑU
     Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, T. Y.
     Merck & Co., Inc.
PΑ
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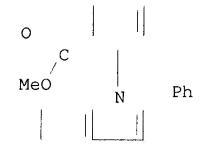
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ANSWER 5 OF 7 HCAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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     Archer, Sydney; Schulenberg, J. W.
ΑU
PA
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DT
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ΡI
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CN
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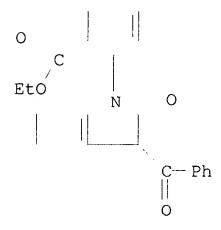
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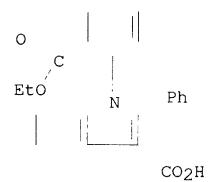
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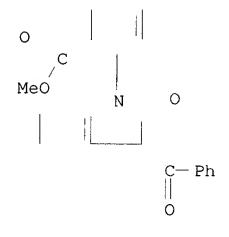
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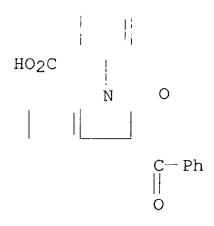


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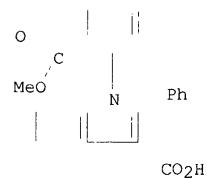
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L6
    ANSWER 6 OF 7 HCAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
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TI
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ΑU
    Schulenberg, John W.; Archer, S.
IT
                              3283-77-0 3283-78-1
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    99172-83-5 101877-87-6 114795-01-6
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CN
    NAME)
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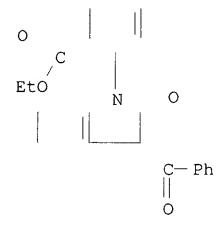


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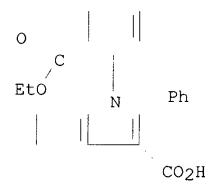
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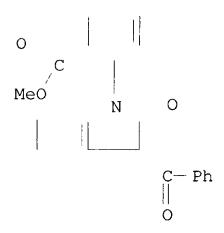
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RN 3549-84-6 HCAOLD

CN Benzoic acid, o-(3-benzoyl-2-oxo-1-indolinyl)-, methyl ester (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L6 ANSWER 7 OF 7 HCAOLD COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

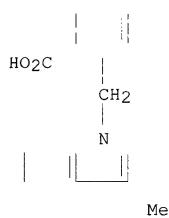
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TI syntheses and spectroscopic properties in the ultraviolet region of .alpha.-substituted .alpha.-chloroselenophene derivs.

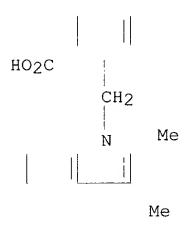
AU Chierici, Luigi; Pappalardo, G.

IT 4098-21-9 22968-46-3 53451-56-2 **108973-42-8** 109842-34-4 112048-62-1 118872-64-3 132725-41-8 **132725-42-9**

IT 108973-42-8 132725-42-9
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CN o-Toluic acid, .alpha.-3-methylindol-1-yl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 132725-42-9 HCAOLD CN o-Toluic acid, .alpha.-2,3-dimethylindol-1-yl- (6CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



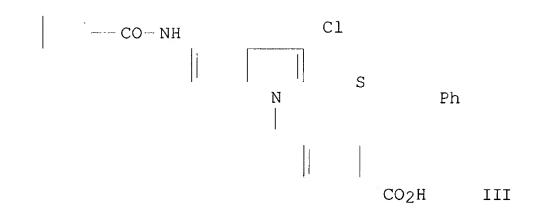
=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:59:42 ON 22 APR 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 22 Apr 2002 VOL 136 ISS 17 FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 Apr 2002 (20020421/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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     Preparation of indole derivatives as phospholipase enzyme
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     Seehra, Jasbir S.; Kaila, Neelu; McKew, John
IN
     C.; Lovering, Frank; Bemis, Jean E.; Xiang,
     Yibin
     Genetics Institute, Inc., USA
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SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 128 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
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GΙ
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Indole derivs. (I) and (II) [where R1 and R6 = H, halogen, CF3, OH, C1-10] alkyl, S-C1-10 alkyl, C1-10 alkoxy, CN, NO2, Ph, OPh, SPh, CH2Ph, OCH2Ph, SCH2Ph, or (un) substituted amino, amido, carbamido, sulfonyl, etc.; R2 = H, halogen, CF3, OH, C1-10 alkyl, C1-10 alkoxy, CHO, CN, NO2, (un) substituted amino, SO2-C1-6 alkyl; R3 = H, CF3, C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, (C1-6 alkyl) cycloalkyl, etc.; R4 = C1-6 alkyl, C1-6 alkoxy, alkylcycloalkyl, acyl, etc.; R5 = (un)substituted carboxylic acid, OPO3H2, SO3H, etc.] and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, were prepd. by several methods. Thus, Et 5-nitroindole-2-carboxylate was C3-chlorinated in DMF. The alc. was formed by redn. of the ester in a two-step process and was then TBDMS-protected. The TBDMS-protected alc. was N-alkylated with Me 4-(bromomethyl)benzoate, the nitro group reduced to the amine over Pt/C, and the compd. reacted with cyclopentylcarbonyl chloride to form the amide. The amide was treated with with Ph3PBr2 in CH2Cl2 to convert the protected alc. to the bromide and then reacted with phenethyl mercaptan in the presence of Cs2CO3 followed by NaOH to yield 4-({3-chloro-5-[(cyclopentylcarbonyl)amino]-2-[(phenethylsulfanyl)methyl]-1H-indol-1yl}methyl)benzoic acid (III). The title compds. are useful as phospholipase enzyme inhibitors, esp. cytosolic phospholipase A2 (cPLA2), for treatment of inflammatory conditions, particularly where inhibition of prodn. of prostaglandins, leukotrienes, and PAF are all desired (no data).

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MSC (Miscellaneous); BIOL (Biological study)

(cytosolic; prepn. of indole derivs. as **phospholipase** enzyme inhibitors for treatment of inflammatory conditions)

T 241493-46-9P 241493-47-0P 241493-48-1P

241493-51-6P 241493-52-7P 241493-53-8P

241493-54-9P 241493-91-4P 241493-92-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(intermediate; prepn. of indole derivs. as **phospholipase** enzyme inhibitors for treatment of inflammatory conditions)

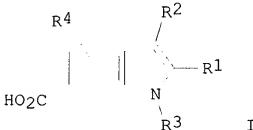
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241493-14-1P 241493-15-2P 241493-30-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological

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study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of indole derivs. as phospholipase enzyme inhibitors
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IT
     241494-19-9 241494-20-2
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IT
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RN
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     Phospholipase A2 (9CI)
                            (CA INDEX NAME)
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L41
     ANSWER 2 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1999:136882 HCAPLUS
DN
     130:182357
TI
     Solid phase preparation of indole-6-carboxylic acids as estrogenics
IN
     Collini, Michael David; Ellingboe, John Watson
     American Home Products Corporation, USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
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OS
    MARPAT 130:182357
GΙ
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Title compds. [I; R1 = (cyclo)alkyl, phenyl(alkyl), ZNMeCOC6H4(OMe)-4, ZOC6H4(CO2Me)-3; R2 = (cyclo)alkenyl, Ph, 5-methoxy-3,4-dihydronaphthyl, 4-phenylcyclohexenyl, etc.; R3 = H, (carboxy)alkyl, (carboxy)phenyl, etc.; R4 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; Z = alkylene] were prepd. Thus, resin ester of 3-amino-4-iodobenzoic acid (prepn. given) was alkynylated by

HC.tplbond.CBu and the N-trifluoroacetylated product subjected to alkenylation/cyclization in the presence of 2-methoxycarbonylcyclopentenyl trifluoromethanesulfonate and (Ph3P)4Pd to give, after resin sapon., I (R1 = Bu, R2 = 2-methoxycarbonylcyclopentenyl, R3 = R4 = H). Data for biol. activity of a prepd. I were given.

IT 220690-15-3P 220690-16-4P 220690-17-5P 220690-18-6P 220690-19-7P 220690-20-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(solid phase prepn. of indole-6-carboxylic acids as estrogenics)

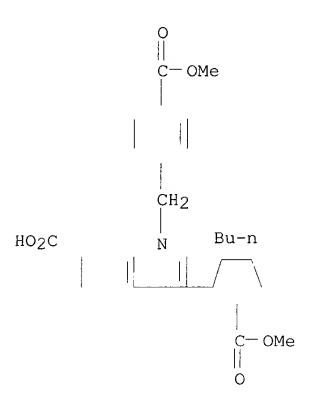
IT 220690-15-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(solid phase prepn. of indole-6-carboxylic acids as estrogenics)

RN 220690-15-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-6-carboxylic acid, 2-butyl-3-[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-1-cyclopenten-1-yl]-1-[[4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	(RPY)	VOL (RVL)	(RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK) =+===================================	Referenced File
Fagnola, M Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co,	11997	138	2307	Tetrahedron Letters EP 0782989 A	•
Pharmacia & Upjohn SPA				WO 9744319 A	HCAPLUS

- L41 ANSWER 3 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AN 1998:719261 HCAPLUS
- DN 129:343412
- TI Preparation of 1-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as antithrombotic agents
- IN Chirgadze, Nickolay Yuri; Fischer, Matthew Joseph; Harper, Richard Waltz; Lin, Ho-shen; McCowan, Jefferson Ray; Sall, Daniel Jon; Smith, Gerald Floyd; Takeuchi, Kumiko; Wiley, Michael Robert; Zhang, Minsheng
- PA Eli Lilly and Co., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

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             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9871707
                       Α1
                            19981124
                                            AU 1998-71707
                                                             19980430 <--
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                                            EP 1998-918865
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         R: AT, BE, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
     JP 2001523254
                       T2
                            20011120
                                            JP 1998-547368
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                                                             19991221 <--
PRAI US 1997-45136P
                       Ρ
                            19970430 <--
     WO 1998-US8698
                       W
                            19980430
OS
     MARPAT 129:343412
GΙ
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The title compds. [I; E = CH, CMe, C(OMe), C(halo); R1 = CO2H, (C1-4 alkoxy)carbonyl, CH2OH, etc.; R2 = OCH2Ph, X2(CH2)mNRaRb (wherein X2 = a direct bond, CH2, O, S; m = 1-5; provided that when m = 1, then X2 = a direct bond; Ra, Rb = H, C1-3 alkyl; NRaRb = pyrrolidino, piperidino, morpholino); R2 = X2(CH2)nRf (wherein X2 = a direct bond, CH2, O; n = 1-3; Rf = 5-tetrazolyl, CO2H, (C1-4 alkoxy)carbonyl, CH2OH); R3 = H, C1, (un)substituted CH2Ph; R5 = H, OH, OMe; provided that at least one of R1 and R2 includes an amino moiety NRsRt or NRaRb] and their salts, useful as thrombin inhibitors, coagulation inhibitors and thromboembolic disorder agents, were prepd. and formulated. Thus, a multi-step synthesis of the title compd. II.(CO2H)2, starting with 4'-hydroxyacetophenone and

2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethanol, was described. Compds. I are effective at 0.01-1000 mg/kg/day.

. .

IT 215584-18-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of 1-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as antithrombotic agents)

IT 215584-17-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of 1-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as antithrombotic agents)

IT 215584-38-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of 1-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as antithrombotic agents)

IT 215584-18-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

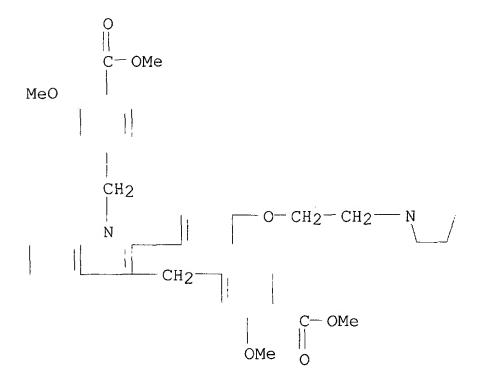
(prepn. of 1-benzyl-2-phenylindoles as antithrombotic agents)

RN 215584-18-2 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[2-[4-[2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethoxy]phenyl]-1H-indole-1,3-diyl]bis(methylene)]bis[2-methoxy-, dimethyl ester, ethanedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 215584-17-1 CMF C40 H42 N2 O7



CM 2

CRN 144-62-7 CMF C2 H2 O4

L41 ANSWER 4 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1998:208560 HCAPLUS

DN 128:257331

TI Preparation of 3-acylpyrrole- and -indole-2-carboxylic acids as inhibiting agents of cytosolic **phospholipase** A2

IN Lehr, Matthias

PA Merckle G.m.b.H., Germany

SO Ger. Offen., 14 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

GI

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI DE 19638408 A1 19980326 DE 1996-19638408 19960919 <-OS MARPAT 128:257331

Me $_{\mathrm{R}1}^{\mathrm{N}}$ $_{\mathrm{R}1}^{\mathrm{CO}_{2}\mathrm{H}}$ $_{\mathrm{R}1}^{\mathrm{CO}_{2}\mathrm{H}}$ $_{\mathrm{R}1}^{\mathrm{CO}_{2}\mathrm{H}}$ $_{\mathrm{R}1}^{\mathrm{CO}_{2}\mathrm{H}}$ $_{\mathrm{R}1}^{\mathrm{CO}_{2}\mathrm{H}}$

AB The title compds. [I and II; R1 = 7-carboxyheptyl 8-carboxyoctyl, 9-carboxynonyl, 10-carboxydecyl, 11-carboxyundecyl, 3-(carboxyphenyl)propyl, 2-(carboxyphenoxy)ethyl; R2 = C9-13 alkyl] andtheir pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd., e.g., by N-alkylation of the corresponding pyrrole- and indolecarboxylate ester precursors with alkyl halides X(CH2)nCO2R5, X(CH2)2OC6H4CO2R5 or X(CH2)3C6H4CO2R5 [X = halo, esp. Br; R5 = Me, Et, Pr, Bu, Me(CH2)4, Me(CH2)5, Me3C, Ph, PhCH2; n= 7-11] followed by ester hydrolysis. For example, 1-(8-carboxyoctyl)-3dodecanoylindole-2-carboxylic acid (III) (m. 110-111.degree.) was prepd. in 9% yield by N-alkylation of indole-2-carboxylic acid Et ester with Br(CH2)8CO2Et in the presence of Me3COK in DMSO, acylation of the intermediate with Me(CH2)10CO2H in the presence of polyphosphoric acid and (CF3CO)20, sapon. of esters with aq.-ethanolic KOH and acidification with dild. HCl. III inhibited cytosolic phospholipase A2 with IC50 0.5 .mu.M, vs. 8 .mu.M for 1-methyl-3-octadecanoyl-2-carboxylic acid, a previous art PLA2 inhibitor.

IT 205106-44-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of 3-acylpyrrole- and -indole-2-carboxylic acids as inhibiting agents of cytosolic **phospholipase** A2)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(prepn. of 3-acylpyrrole- and -indole-2-carboxylic acids as inhibiting agents of cytosolic phospholipase A2)

IT 205106-44-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of 3-acylpyrrole- and -indole-2-carboxylic acids as inhibiting agents of cytosolic **phospholipase** A2)

```
RN 205106-44-1 HCAPLUS
CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 1-[3-(4-carboxyphenyl)propyl]-3-(1-oxododecyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

O | C- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-Me | CO<sub>2</sub>H | CO<sub>2</sub>H
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ANSWER 5 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1998:112340 HCAPLUS
DN
     128:167350
TI
     Preparation of acylpyrrole- and acylindoledicarboxylic acids as
     phospholipase A2 inhibitors
ΙN
     Lehr, Matthias
PΑ
     Merckle G.m.b.H., Germany; Lehr, Matthias
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
PΙ
     WO 9805637
                            19980212
                     A1
                                           WO 1997-EP3842
                                                            19970717 <--
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             LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 9737679
                     A1
                            19980225
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                                                           19970717 <--
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                            19990623
                                          EP 1997-934481
                      Α1
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             IE, FI
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    JP 2000515529
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                           19990128
                                          NO 1999-413
                                                            19990128 <--
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                           20000525
                                          KR 1999-700734
                                                            19990129 <--
    US 6310217
                           20011030
                      B1
                                          US 1999-240148
                                                           19990129 <--
PRAI DE 1996-19631102 A
                           19960801 <--
    WO 1997-EP3842
                           19970717 <--
OS
    MARPAT 128:167350
```

$$R^3$$
/
 R^5
 R^5
 R^2
 R^2
 R^2

GΙ

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AΒ
     Title compds. [e.g., I; R1 = Y1ArY2Y3; R2 = carboxy(alky1),
     alkoxycarbonyl(alkyl), carbamoyl(alkyl), etc.; R3 = alkanoyl, aroyl, etc.;
     R5 = H or .gtoreq.1 of halo, alkyl, alkoxy, etc.; Y1, Y2 = alk(en)ylene,
     etc.; Y3 = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, CONH2, etc.; Ar = (un)substituted
     arylene] were prepd. Thus, Et pyrrole-2-carboxylate was acylated and the
     product N-alkylated by (E)-4-(BrH2C)C6H4CH:CHCO2Et to give, after sapon.,
     I [R1 = (E)-H2CC6H4 (CH:CHCO2Et)-4, R2 = CO2H, R3 = dodecanoyl, R5 = H].
     Data for biol. activity of title compds. were given.
IT
     9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (mediated disorders; treatment; prepn. of acylpyrrole- and
        acylindoledicarboxylic acids as phospholipase A2 inhibitors)
IT
     192182-33-5P 192182-35-7P 192182-37-9P
     192182-39-1P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of acylpyrrole- and acylindoledicarboxylic acids as
        phospholipase A2 inhibitors)
IT
     203111-22-2P 203111-24-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of acylpyrrole- and acylindoledicarboxylic acids as
        phospholipase A2 inhibitors)
IT
     9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2
     RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
        (mediated disorders; treatment; prepn. of acylpyrrole- and
        acylindoledicarboxylic acids as phospholipase A2 inhibitors)
RN
     9001-84-7 HCAPLUS
     Phospholipase A2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
    STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
    ANSWER 6 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
AN
     1998:31305 HCAPLUS
DN
     128:102087
TI
     Substituted azabicyclic compounds and their use as inhibitors of the
     production of TNF and cyclic AMP phosphodiesterase
     Cox, Paul Joseph; Bower, Shelley; Aldous, David John; Astles, Peter
IN
     Charles; McGarry, Daniel Gerard; Hulme, Christopher; et al.
PΑ
     Regan, John Robinson, UK; Huang, Fu-Chih; et al.; Rhone-Poulenc Rorer
     Ltd.; Cox, Paul Joseph; Bower, Shelley
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 355 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
\mathsf{DT}
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                                                            19970619 <--
PI
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                            19971224
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             LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US,
             UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
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             GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                           CA 1997-2258728
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                       A1
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                       Α
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JP 1998-502503

19970619 <--

JP 2000509719

T2

20000802

19981218 <--US 1998-216392 US 6303600 В1 20011016 19960619 <--PRAI GB 1996-12760 Α US 1996-23047P Ρ 19960802 <--W 19970619 <--WO 1997-GB1639 MARPAT 128:102087 OS GΙ

The invention is directed to physiol. active compds. of formula I [wherein AΒ AB = fused bicyclic ring system, of approx. 10-13 ring members, wherein A = azaheterocycle ring and B = azaheteroaryl or optionally halo-substituted benzene ring; R1 = H, (hydroxy- or halo-substituted) alkyl, and also alkenyl, alkynyl, or CHO when Z1 = bond; R2 = H, alkenyl, alkoxy, alkyl, aryl, aryloxy, cyano, etc.; R3 = wide variety of sidechains and functional groups; A1 = bond, (un) substituted alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene; Z1 = bond, O, S, NH; m, n = 0, 1; provided that (n+m) = 1] and their N-oxides, prodrugs, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and solvates. I inhibit the prodn. or physiol. effects of TNF, and inhibit cAMP phosphodiesterase (PDE IV). The invention is also directed to pharmaceutical compns. comprising I, their pharmaceutical use, and methods for their prepn. For instance, 7-methoxy-2-(methoxymethyl)-3H-benzimidazole-4-carboxylic acid (prepn. given) was treated with O-benzotriazol-1-yl-N, N, N', N'bis(tetramethylene)uronium tetrafluoroborate to give the 1-benzotriazolyl ester, which was amidated with 4-amino-3,5-dichloropyridine in THF (after treatment of the latter with Na diethylaluminate) to give the title compd. II. Compds. I had IC50 of 10-5 to 10-10 M against guinea pig macrophage PDE IV, with 50- to 10,000-fold selectivity for PDE IV vs. PDE I, II, III, or V. The compds. also inhibited antigen-induced bronchoconstriction in rats by up to 89% at oral doses of 10 mg/kg.

IT 201286-09-1P 201286-14-8P 201286-15-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of azabicyclic compds. as inhibitors of TNF prodn. and PDE IV)

IT 201286-09-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of azabicyclic compds. as inhibitors of TNF prodn. and PDE IV)

RN 201286-09-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[[(3,5-dichloro-4-pyridinyl)amino]carbonyl]-3-methyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L41 ANSWER 7 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:510146 HCAPLUS

DN 127:121734

TI Preparation of benzimidazolylmethyl- and indolylmethylphenylacetamides as antiarteriosclerotics.

IN Connell, Richard; Goldmann, Siegfried; Mueller, Ulrich; Lohmer, Stefan; Bischoff, Hilmar; Denzer, Dirk; Gruetzmann, Rudi; Wohlfeil, Stefan

PA Bayer A.-G., Germany

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 55 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	-	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
ΡI	EP 779276	Al	19970618	EP 1996-119320 19961203 < FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL,
	PT, SE	п, ов,	DR, ES,	f1, f8, GB, GR, 1E, 11, L1, L0, MC, NL,
	DE 19546919	A1	19970619	DE 1995-19546919 19951215 <
	US 6034115	A	20000307	US 1996-761922 19961209 <
	JP 09328466	A2	19971222	JP 1996-352419 19961213 <
	US 6235770	B1	20010522	US 1999-435544 19991108 <
	US 2002028940	A1	20020307	US 2001-840419 20010423 <
PRAI	DE 1995-19546919	A	19951215	<
	US 1996-761922	A3	19961209	<
	US 1999-435544	A3	19991108	
OS	MARPAT 127:121734			
GI				

AB Title compds. [I; D = indolyl, benzimidazolyl, imidazopyridyl; E, L = H, halo, CF3, OH, CO2H, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl; R1 = cycloalkyl,

Ι

alkyl, (substituted) Ph; R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, (substituted) Ph, heterocyclyl; R4 = CH2OH, CH2O2R12; R12 = H, alkyl, (substituted) Ph], were prepd. Thus, 2(RS)-2-[4-(2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2-cyclopentylacetic acid (prepn. given) in DMF contg. Et3N was treated with MeSO2Cl, dimethylaminopyridine, and (R)-phenylglycinol at -30.degree. to room temp. to give 99% 2(RS)-2-[4-(2-phenyl-1H-benzimidazol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]-2-cyclopentylacetic acid (R)-phenylglycinolamide. I inhibited ApoB-assocd. lipoprotein release from liver cells with IC50 = 1.5-1010.1 nM. 192585-32-3P 192585-35-6P 192585-36-7P

IT 192585-32-3P 192585-35-6P 192585-36-7P 192585-42-5P 192585-68-5P 192585-71-0P 192585-72-1P 192585-79-8P

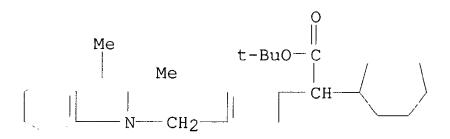
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of benzimidazolylmethyl- and indolylmethylphenylacetamides as antiarteriosclerotics)

IT 192585-32-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of benzimidazolylmethyl- and indolylmethylphenylacetamides as antiarteriosclerotics)

RN 192585-32-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cycloheptaneacetic acid, .alpha.-[4-[(2,3-dimethyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl]phenyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L41 ANSWER 8 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:499100 HCAPLUS

DN 127:190643

TI Preparation of nitrogen-containing compounds as intimal thickening inhibitors

IN Sato, Atsushi; Asao, Tetsuji; Hagiwara, Yuichi; Kitade, Makoto; Yamazaki, Yasundo

PA Taiho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Sato, Atsushi; Asao, Tetsuji; Hagiwara, Yuichi; Kitade, Makoto; Yamazaki, Yasundo

SO PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

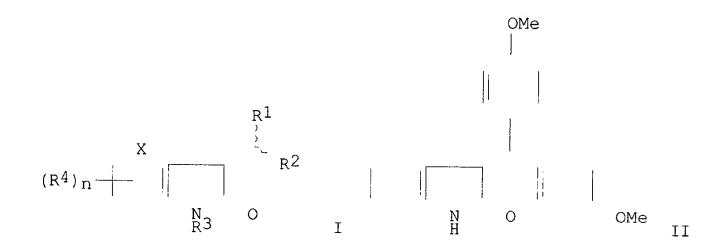
DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 2

PA'	rent no.		KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI WO				19970724 JP, KR,			19970116 <	<
.	RW: AT,		CH, DE,	DK, ES,	•	FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,		•
CA	2214759		AA	19970724		CA 1997-2214759	19970116 <	<
AU	9713986		A1	19970811		AU 1997-13986	19970116 <	<
AU	708167		В2	19990729				
EP	815859		A1	19980107		EP 1997-900424	19970116 <	<
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	IE,	FI						
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RU	2145852		C1	20000227		RU 1997-117350	19970116 <	<
US	5977130		Α	19991102		US 1997-913237	19970910 <	<
NO	9704280		A	19971111		NO 1997-4280	19970916 <	

PRAI JP 1996-5693 A 19960117 <--WO 1997-JP65 W 19970116 <--OS MARPAT 127:190643 GI



The title compds. (I; R1 = H, Ph optionally substituted by lower alkyl, AB alkoxy, or lower alkylaminoalkoxy, OH, amino, lower alkylamino, halo, or pyridyl optionally substituted by lower alkyl, alkoxy, or lower alkylaminoalkoxy, OH, amino, lower alkylamino, halo, lower alkoxycarbonyl or carboxy; R2 = H, optionally substituted Ph, or pyridyl optionally substituted by lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkylamino-alkoxy, hydroxy, amino, lower alkylamino, halo, lower alkoxycarbonyl or CO2H; R3 = H, sents H optionally substituted lower alkyl, benzyl or benzenesulfonyl, or acyl; R4 = H, lower alkoxy, halo, amino, lower alkylamino, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted phenylcarbamoyl, or trifluoromethyl; X = H, CH, N; n = 0-4; the double line composed of dotted and solid lines means that this bond is either a single or a double bond). I show excellent effects of inhibiting intimal thickening and thus useful in preventing, treating and relieving proliferative vascular lesions such as vascular reconstriction after percutaneous transluminal coronary recanalization, arterial sclerosis, peripheral embolism and angiitis. Thus, oxyindole was refluxing with 4,4'-dimethoxybenzophenone in the presence of NaH in THF to give 85% the title compd. II, which at 30 mg/kg showed 33.2% rat intimal thickening inhibitory activity. Formulation of I is also presented.

IT 193620-94-9P 193620-97-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of nitrogen-contg. compds. as intimal thickening inhibitors)

IT 193620-94-9P

RN

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of nitrogen-contg. compds. as intimal thickening inhibitors) 193620-94-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[3-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L41 ANSWER 9 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1997:483378 HCAPLUS

DN 127:90133

TI Synthesis, Biological Evaluation, and Structure-Activity Relationships of 3-Acylindole-2-carboxylic Acids as Inhibitors of the Cytosolic **Phospholipase** A2

AU Lehr, Matthias

CS Institute of Pharmacy and Food Chemistry, Ludwig-Maximilians-University, Munich, D-80333, Germany

SO J. Med. Chem. (1997), 40(17), 2694-2705 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

3-Acylindole-2-carboxylic acid derivs. were prepd. and evaluated for their AB ability to inhibit the cytosolic phospholipase A2 of intact bovine platelets. To define the structural requirements for enzyme inhibition, the carboxylic acid group, the acyl residue, and the moiety in position 1 were systematically modified. Furthermore, different substituents were introduced into the Ph part of the indole. Replacement of the carboxylic acid group in position 2 of the indole with an acetic or propionic acid substituent led to a decrease of inhibitory potency. Enzyme inhibition was optimal when the acyl residue in position 3 had a length of 12 or more carbons. Conformational restriction of the acyl residue did not influence activity. Introduction of alkyl chains at position 1 of the indole with 8 or more carbons resulted in a loss of activity. However, replacing the .omega.-Me group of such compds. with a carboxylic acid moiety increased inhibitory potency significantly. Among the tested indole derivs., 1-[2-(4-carboxyphenoxy)ethyl]-3dodecanoylindole-2-carboxylic acid had the highest potency. With an IC50 of 0.5 .mu.M it was about 20-fold more active than the std. cPLA2 inhibitor arachidonyl trifluoromethyl ketone (IC50: 11 .mu.M).

17 192182-33-5P 192182-35-7P 192182-37-9P 192182-39-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and structure-activity relationships of acylindolecarboxylates as inhibitors of **phospholipase** A2)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (prepn. and structure-activity relationships of acylindolecarboxylates as inhibitors of phospholipase A2)

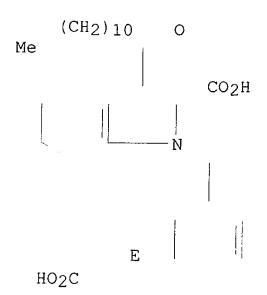
IT 192182-33-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and structure-activity relationships of acylindolecarboxylates as inhibitors of phospholipase A2)

RN 192182-33-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 1-[[3-(2-carboxyethenyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-(1-oxododecyl)-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.



L41 ANSWER 10 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1996:746234 HCAPLUS

DN 126:18786

TI Indole derivatives as cGMP-PDE inhibitors

IN Oku, Teruo; Sawada, Kozo; Kuroda, Akio; Ohne, Kazuhiko; Nomoto, Atsushi; Hosogai, Naomi; Nakajima, Yoshimitsu; Nagashima, Akira; Sogabe, Keizo; Amura, Kouichi

PA Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co, Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 211 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

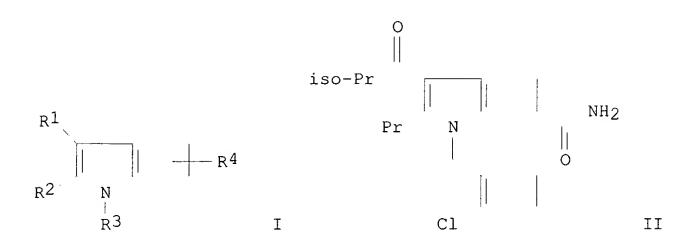
DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
PI	WO 9632379 CA 2217707 AU 9651234 AU 713460 EP 820441	A1 AA A1 B2 A1	19961017 19961017 19961030 19991202 19980128	WO 1996-JP892 19960402 < CA 1996-2217707 19960402 < AU 1996-51234 19960402 < EP 1996-907750 19960402 <	
PRAI	CN 1187812 JP 11503445 ZA 9602859 TW 420663 US 6069156	CH, DE A T2 A B A A A W	, DK, ES, 19980715 19990326 19961011 20010201 20000530 19950410 19950621 19950807 19960227 19960402	<	IE, FI

GI



The invention relates to new indole derivs. I and their pharmaceutically AΒ acceptable salts [wherein R1 = H, halo, NO2, CO2H, protected CO2H, acyl, (un) substituted alk(en)yl, etc.; R2 = H, halo, alkenyl, acyl, (un) substituted alkyl, etc.; R3 = (un) substituted alk(en) yl where the substituent is oxo, (un) substituted aryl, or heterocyclyl; R4 = CO2H, protected CO2H, acyl, cyano, amino, halo, etc.; R1 and R2 may form 4- to 7-membered carboxylic ring (un) substituted with oxo]. I are cyclic nucleotide-PDE inhibitors (specifically cGMP-PDE), and are useful for treating and preventing a variety of conditions, including angina, hypertension, renal failure, atherosclerosis, stroke, asthma, impotence, diabetic complications, and glaucoma. Almost 300 compds. I and numerous intermediates were prepd. For example, Me 3-isobutyryl-2-propylindole-6carboxylate (prepn. given) was N-benzylated by 2-chlorobenzyl bromide using NaH in DMF. The product underwent sapon. with NaOH in aq. EtOH, followed by amidation of the resultant acid using EDC, HOBt, and aq. NH3, to give title amide II. II inhibited human platelet cGMP-PDE in vitro with IC50 <100 nM. I were also active in a variety of other bioassays, including relaxation of isolated rat aorta, inhibition of vascular smooth muscle cell proliferation, inhibition of vasopressin-induced vasospasm, the cyclosporin and FK506 nephritis models, the diabetic glomerulosclerosis model, and several animal impotence models.

IT 184148-89-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of indole derivs. as cGMP-PDE inhibitors)

IT 184148-12-7P 184150-10-5P 184150-66-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of indole derivs. as cGMP-PDE inhibitors)

IT 184148-89-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of indole derivs. as cGMP-PDE inhibitors)

RN 184148-89-8 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[6-(aminocarbonyl)-3-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-2-propyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L41 ANSWER 11 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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ΑN 1995:858609 HCAPLUS

DN 123:256516

Indol-2-one derivatives substituted in the 3-position by a nitrogenous TIgroup, their preparation, and pharmaceutical compositions containing them as vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor ligands.

Wagnon, Jean; Tonnerre, Bernard; Di Malta, Alain; Roux, Richard; Amiel, IN Marie-Sophie; Serradeil-Legal, Claudine

PΑ Sanofi, Fr.

Fr. Demande, 70 pp. SO CODEN: FRXXBL

 DT Patent

LAFrench

FAN.	CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
ΡI	FR 2714378	- A1	19950630	FR 1993-15638 19931224 <	
			19960315		
			19950706	WO 1994-FR1528 19941223 <	
	W: JP, LT,	•			
	RW: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES,	FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE	
	EP 687251	AI	19951220	EP 1995-905164 19941223 <	
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	JP 08507092	T2	19960730	JP 1994-517812 19941223 <	
	AT 213727	E	20020315	AT 1995-905164 19941223 <	
	US 5594023	A	19970114	US 1995-500924 19950731 <	
	US 5773612	A	19980630	US 1996-640080 19960430 <	
PRAI	FR 1993-15638	A	19931224	<	
	WO 1994-FR1528	W	19941223	<	
	US 1995-500924	A 3	19950731	<	
OS	CASREACT 123:256	5516; MA	ARPAT 123:	:256516	

GI

- Title compds. I [R1, R2 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy, CF3; R3 = alkyl, AΒ cycloalkyl, (di)alkylcyclohexyl, (un)substituted Ph; R4 = N3, alkylsulfonamido, (un) substituted phenylsulfonamido, dimethylaminosulfonamido, (un) substituted NH2, heterocyclyl; R5 = H, R6; R6 = halo, alkyl, CF3, cyano, (di)(alkyl)aminomethyl, NO2, (un)substituted amino, carboxy, carbamoyl, acyl, etc.; X = SO2, CH2; m = 1, and sometimes 2-4] and salts are claimed, and approx. 100 examples are given. The compds. have affinity for vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptors, and are useful for treating disorders of the central and peripheral nervous, cardiovascular, renal, and gastric systems, as well as sexual disorders. For example, bromination of 5-chloro-1,3-dihydro-3-phenylindol-2-one with Br2 in CCl4 gave the 3-bromo deriv., which reaced with anhyd. NH3 in Et20 to give the $\bar{3}$ -amino deriv. Treatment of this with NaH in $\bar{D}MF$ and then with 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3SO2Cl yielded title compd. II. In a test for inhibition of binding of [3H]-arginine-vasopressin to bovine renal V2 receptors, I had IC50 down to 10-9 M.
- IT 169040-71-5P 169040-72-6P 169040-73-7P 169040-74-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (intermediate; prepn. of indolone derivs. as vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor ligands)

IT 169040-12-4P 169040-13-5P 169040-16-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of indolone derivs. as vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor ligands)

IT 169040-71-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (intermediate; prepn. of indolone derivs. as vasopressin and/or oxytocin receptor ligands)

- RN 169040-71-5 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[5-chloro-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-3-[(methoxycarbonyl)amino]-2-oxo-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-methoxy- (9CI) (CFINDEX NAME)

- ANSWER 12 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- ΑN 1995:661173 HCAPLUS
- DN
- Substituted indole-, indene-, pyranoindole- and TItetrahydrocarbazolealkanoic acid derivatives as inhibitors of PLA2 and lipoxygenase
- Musser, John H.; Kreft, Anthony F., III; Failli, Amedeo A.; Demerson, INChristopher A.; Shah, Uresh S.; Nelson, James A.
- PAAmerican Home Products Corporation, USA
- SO U.S., 35 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,229,516. CODEN: USXXAM
- DTPatent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 3 PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 5420289	А	19950530		US 1993-29199	19930310 <
CA 2090042	AA	19910428		CA 1990-2090042	19901027 <
US 5229516	A	19930720		US 1992-911434	19920710 <
PRAI US 1989-428260		19891027	<		
US 1990-596134		19901011	<		
US 1992-911434		19920710	<		
CA 1990-2070422	2	19901027	<		
OS MARPAT 124:880	L				
GI					

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

This invention relates to substituted indole derivs. A(CH2)nOB wherein A = ΑB I or II wherein R1 is hydrogen, lower alkyl, Ph or Ph substituted with trifluoromethyl; R2 is hydrogen or lower alkyl; or R1 and R2 taken together form a benzene ring; R3 is hydrogen or lower alkyl; n is 1-2; B is III-VII wherein R4 is, e.g., CO2R2, m is 0-3; R5 is A(CH2)nOC6H4 or Ph or Ph substituted by halo, lower alkylthio, lower alkylsulfinyl or lower alkylsulfonyl; R6 is A(CH2)nO or halo; R7 is lower alkyl; Y is CH2 or O; R8 is lower alkyl or (CH2)mCO2R3; R9 is COR10 or (CH2)oR10, o is 1-4; R10 is lower alkyl, Ph, Ph substituted with carboxy, halo, lower alkyl, loweralkylthio or loweralkylsulfinyl; naphthyl, pyridyl, furanyl, quinolinyl, or 2-R14-thiazolyl; R11 is lower alkyl or phenyl; R12 is hydrogen or loweralkylcarbonyl R13 is hydrogen, hydroxy, lower alkyl or lower alkoxy; R14 is Ph or halophenyl; Z2 is hydrogen, lower alkyl or N(CH3)OH; and the pharmacol. acceptable salts thereof possessing lipoxygenase inhibitory, phospholipase A2 inhibitory and leukotriene antagonist activity, which are useful as anti-inflammatory, antiallergic and cytoprotective agents. Thus, e.g., condensation of

2-methyl-5-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)indene-3-acetic acid Et ester (prepn. given, mixt. of endo and exo isomers) with p-chlorobenzaldehyde afforded 3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]-2-methyl-6-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)-3H-indene-1acetic acid [VIII, Q = 2-quinolinylmethyl, mixt. of Z (major) and E (minor) isomers]. The specificity of action of PLA2 inhibitors can be detd. by the activity of test compds. to inhibit the synthesis of LTB4 by rat glycogen-elicited polymorphonuclear leukocytes (PMN) in the presence of exogenous substrate: VIII demonstrated 96% inhibition at 10 mM. VIII also inhibited the synthesis of the arachidonic acid cyclooxygenase oxidn. product PGE2 with 81% inhibition at 10 mM. VIII inhibited the release of arachidonic acid from an arachidonic acid-contg. substrate by the action of phospholipase A2 enzyme from human synovial fluid with IC50 = 9.7 mM. Further assays demonstrated that the compds. of the invention exerted an inhibitory effect on both the lipoxygenase pathway and the cyclooxygenase pathway and have significant leukotriene (LTD4) antagonist activity. The compds. of the invention inhibited the acute inflammatory response and inhibited 5-lipoxygenase in human whole blood.

IT 135872-88-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(substituted indole-, indene-, pyranoindole- and tetrahydrocarbazolealkanoic acid derivs. as inhibitors of PLA2 and lipoxygenase)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); MSC (Miscellaneous); BIOL (Biological study)

(substituted indole-, indene-, pyranoindole- and tetrahydrocarbazolealkanoic acid derivs. as inhibitors of PLA2 and lipoxygenase)

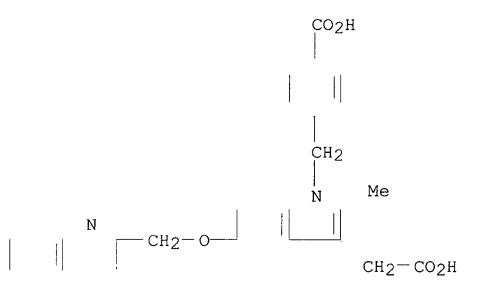
IT 135872-88-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(substituted indole-, indene-, pyranoindole- and tetrahydrocarbazolealkanoic acid derivs. as inhibitors of PLA2 and lipoxygenase)

RN 135872-88-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-3-acetic acid, 1-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methyl]-2-methyl-5-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L41 ANSWER 13 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1994:298483 HCAPLUS

DN 120:298483

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TI Substituted indole-, indene-, pyranoindole- and tetrahydrocarbazole-
alkanoic acid derivatives as inhibitors of phospholipase A2 and
lipoxygenase
```

IN Musser, John H.; Kreft, Anthony F., III; Failli, Amedeo A.; Demerson, Christopher A.; Shah, Uresh S.; Nelson, James A.

PA American Home Products Corp., USA

SO U.S., 32 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 596,134, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

2 2 3 1 4 .	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡΙ	US 5420289 WO 9401407	AA 19910 A2 19930 A 19950	0428 0428 0830 0530 0120	CA 1990-2090042 HU 1992-1383 US 1993-29199	19930310 <
	W: AU, BB, MW, NO, RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ,	BG, BR, BY, NZ, PL, RO, CH, DE, DK, CF, CG, CI,	CA, CZ, E RU, SD, S ES, FR, G CM, GA, G	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU GN, ML, MR, NE, SN	, MC, NL, PT, SE, , TD, TG
PRAI OS GI		19891 19901 19901 19920 19930	027 < 011 < 027 < 710 <	AU 1993-46694	19930707 <

AB The title compds. A(CH2)nOB [A = Q; B = (un)substituted indenonyl, (un)substituted indolyl, etc.; n = 1-2], useful as antiinflammatory agents which possess leukotriene antagonistic activity, are prepd. Thus, 3-[(4-chlorophenyl)methylene]-[2-methyl-6-(2-quinolinylmethyoxy)]-3H-indene-1-acetic acid (Z configuration), prepd. from 4-methoxybenzaldehyde in 7 steps, demonstrated 81% inhibition of PGE2 at 10 .mu.M.

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(inhibition of, substituted heterocyclo- and indenealkanoates for)

IT 135872-88-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and lipoxygenase and phospholipase A2 inhibitory activity of)

IT 9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(inhibition of, substituted heterocyclo- and indenealkanoates for)

RN 9001-84-7 HCAPLUS

CN Phospholipase A2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L41 ANSWER 14 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

19901027 <--

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19901027 <--

19920424 <--

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gerstl - 09 / 677021
AN
     1991:535935 HCAPLUS
     115:135935
DN
TI
     Preparation of indole-, indene-, pyranoindole- and
     tetrahydrocarbazolealkanoic acid derivatives as inhibitors of
     phospholipase A2 and lipoxygenase
     Musser, John Henry; Kreft, Anthony Frank, III; Failli, Amedeo Arturo;
IN
     Demerson, Christopher Alexander; Shah, Uresh Shantilal; Nelson, James
PA
     American Home Products Corp., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 3
     PATENT NO.
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                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
PI
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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE

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BR 1990-7790

HU 1992-1383

FI 1992-1865

JP 1991-500787

19920915

19930422

19930830

19920424

19891027

19901011

19901027

19901027

Α

T2

Α2

Α

BR 9007790

HU 63407

FI 9201865

US 1990-596134

WO 1990-US6251

CA 1990-2070422

MARPAT 115:135935

PRAI US 1989-428260

OS

GΙ

JP 05502222

A(CH2) nOB [I; A = C4-8 alkyl, PhOCH2CH2, PhOC6H4, Q, Q1; R1 = H, alkyl,AΒ Ph, C6H4CF3; R2 = H, alkyl; R1R2 = benzene; X = N, R3C, R3 = H, alkyl; Z = HR3C:CR3, R3C:N, N:CR3, NR3, O, S; n = 1, 2; B = substituted indanyl, substituted carbazolyl, substituted pyranoindolyl, etc.] and a salt thereof, are prepd. I are useful as antiinflammatory agents and possess leukotriene antagonistic activity. To a stirred suspension of NaH in DMF at 0.degree. was added 5-hydroxy-2-methyl-1H-indole-3-acetic acid followed and the second

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119159-19-2P 119160-07-5P 119160-10-0P

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after 1 h by 2-(chloromethyl)quinoline. The reaction mixt. allowed to
      warm at room temp. with stirring overnight and the pH adjusted to 5 with
     HCl to give the indoleacetic acid (II) which at 10 .mu.M in vitro gave 47%
      inhibition of phospholipase A2 (PLA2) from
      semi-purified human platelet ext., and 30% of PLA2 from purified
     human synovialfluid.
     9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (inhibitors, substituted heterocycle- and indene alkanoates)
     135872-88-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of, as lipoxygenase and phospholipase A2 inhibitor)
     9001-84-7, Phospholipase A2
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (inhibitors, substituted heterocycle- and indene alkanoates)
     9001-84-7 HCAPLUS
     Phospholipase A2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
L41 ANSWER 15 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1990:552250 HCAPLUS
     113:152250
     Preparation of heterocyclic carboxamides as leukotriene antagonists
     Brown, Frederick J.; Matassa, Victor G.
     ICI Americas, Inc., USA
     U.S., 47 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 181,455, abandoned.
     CODEN: USXXAM
     Patent
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI US 4894386 A 19900116

ZA 8802483 A 19891227

DD 282683 A5 19900919

PRAI US 1987-38853 19870415 <--

US 1987-103490 19871001 <--
                                             US 1988-255914 19881011 <--
                                             ZA 1988-2483 19880408 <--
DD 1988-314744 19880414 <--
     US 1988-181455
                             19880414 <--
     CASREACT 113:152250; MARPAT 113:152250
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
     Title amides I [XYZ = C:CHN, NCH:C, C:NN, NN:C; R1 = H, alkyl and R2 =
     (unsatd.) alkyl, heteroalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, Ph,
     phenylalkyl; or R1, R2 =H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl,
     cycloalkylalkyl; or NR1R2 = heterocyclyl; M = (alkyl-substituted)
     alkylene, alkenylene; R9 = H, (substituted) alkyl; R10 = CO2H, CONHSO2R12,
     tetrazol-5-yl, COCH2SO2R12; R11 = H, alkoxy, alkyl, OH; R12 =
     (substituted) aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl] were prepd. as leukotriene
     antagonists (no data). Thus, (indolylmethyl)benzoate deriv. II (R10 = \frac{1}{2}
     CO2Me) was sapond. by LiOH in aq. MeOH-THF to give 92% II (R10 = CO2H),
     which was condensed with 2-MeC6H4SO2NH2 using a carbodiimide reagent to
     give 88% II (R10 = CONHSO2C6H4Me-2).
     119159-14-7P 119159-15-8P 119159-16-9P
     119159-17-0P 119159-18-1P 119160-06-4P
     119160-09-7P 119160-17-7P 119160-57-5P
     119160-58-6P 119160-59-7P 119160-60-0P
     119160-61-1P 119160-87-1P 119188-69-1P
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     129525-20-8P 129525-21-9P 129525-22-0P
     129525-23-1P 129525-24-2P 129525-25-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of leukotriene antagonists)
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119160-18-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

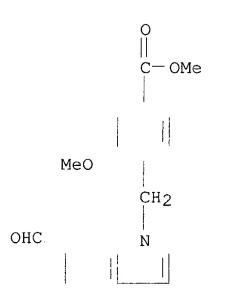
(prepn. of, as leukotriene antagonist)

IT 119159-14-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of leukotriene antagonists)

RN 119159-14-7 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[(6-formyl-3-propyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl]-3-methoxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



Pr-n

L41 ANSWER 16 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1988:186571 HCAPLUS

DN 108:186571

TI Heterocyclic carboxamides, procedure for their preparation, and their use as leukotriene antagonists

IN Brown, Frederick Jeffrey; Yee, Ying Kwong

PA ICI Americas, Inc., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 39 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

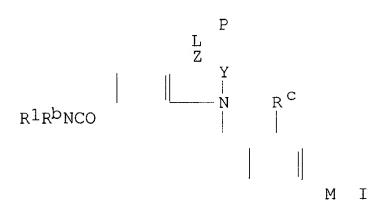
DT Patent

LA English

FAN. CNT 1

J. MA1	$^{-}$ IN T	1														
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ΡI	EP	2421	67		A2		1987			E	19	87 - 3	 0322	1	19870413	<
		2421			A3		1988	1012								
	ΕP	2421	67		В1		1991	1127								
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		6025			B2		1990									
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HU 199791
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     JP 63008369
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                                           CA 1987-534855
                                                            19870415 <--
                       A1
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PRAI GB 1986-9175
                            19860415
                                      <--
     GB 1986-24698
                            19861015
                                     <--
     EP 1987-303221
                            19870413 <--
GI
```



AB Carboxamides I [YZ< = CRa:C<, N:C<, N:C<, CHRaCH<; Ra = H, alkyl; Rb = H, Me; Rl = F (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted phenylalkyl, cycloalkyl or cycloalkylalkyl [cyclic group (un)substituted with alkyl]; L = alkylene with optional double or triple bond; P = polar group; Rc = H, alkoxy; M = acidic group selected from CO2H, CONHSO2R6 (R6 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl with halo, alkyl, alkoxy; or CF3 (un)substituted arom. or heteroarom. moiety] or their salts, useful as leukotriene antagonists for treating allergic or inflammatory diseases or endotoxic or traumatic shock conditions, were prepd. by 14 methods.

N-[4-[6-(N-Cyclopentylmethylcarbamoyl)-3-[2-(pyrrolidinocarbonyl]ethyl]ind ol-1-ylmethyl]-3-methoxybenzoyl-2-methylbenzenesulfonamide (prepd. from the corresponding benzoic acid deriv.) was effective as a leukotriene antagonist at 2 mmol/kg in guinea pigs and showed no sign of overt toxicity following oral administration of 30 mmol/kg.

IT 114085-89-1P 114085-91-5P 114085-92-6P 114085-93-7P 114086-16-7P 114086-20-3P 114086-21-4P 114086-23-6P 114086-24-7P 114086-25-8P 114086-26-9P 114086-27-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, in synthesis of heterocyclic carboxamide leukotriene antagonists)

IT 114085-88-0P 114086-17-8P 114086-28-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as leukotriene antagonists)

IT 114085-89-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, in synthesis of heterocyclic carboxamide leukotriene antagonists)

RN 114085-89-1 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Indole-3-propanoic acid, 1-[(4-carboxy-2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-6[[(cyclopentylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]-, .alpha.-methyl ester (9CI) (CF
INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\$$

L41 ANSWER 17 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1987:423236 HCAPLUS

DN 107:23236

TI Preparation and formulation of 1,2,3-trisubstituted indoles for treatment of inflammation

IN Greenhouse, Robert J.; Muchowski, Joseph M.

I

PA Syntex (U.S.A.), Inc., USA

SO U.S., 11 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

GΙ

r AN.	CNII					
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	US 4654360	A	19870331	US 1984-616346	19840601 <	
OS	CASREACT 107:232	36				

SO_m-

Title compds. I [R = C1-8 alkyl, (un)substituted PhCH2; R1 = H, C1-4 alkyl; X, Z = C1-4 alkyl, halo, HO, F3CO, HO2C, F3C, R2O, R2 = C1-4 alkyl, etc.; Y = S, NH, NR2; m = 0-2; n = 2-8; p = 0-5] and their salts were prepd. H2NCH2CH2SH-HCl in DMF was added to NaH, followed by 1-benzyl-2-chloro-3-(phenylsulfonyl)indole in DMF to give 1-benzyl-2-(aminoethylthio)-3-(phenylsulfonyl)indole. Inhibition of lipoxygenase activity was demonstrated.

IT 108726-72-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and oxidn. of)

IT 108698-87-9P 108726-74-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of, as antiinflammatory)

IT 108698-71-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of, as antiinflammatory agent)

IT 108698-72-2

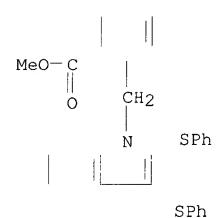
RL: RCT (Reactant)

(substitution reaction of, with aminoethanethiol)

IT 108726-72-3P

RN 108726-72-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2,3-bis(phenylthio)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L41 ANSWER 18 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1986:626346 HCAPLUS

DN 105:226346

TI Heterocyclic amides

IN Brown, Frederick Jeffrey; Bernstein, Peter Robert; Yee, Ying Kwong

PA ICI Americas, Inc., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 137 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

L WIM .	CNII				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 179619 EP 179619	A1 B1	19860430 19900905	EP 1985-307498	19851017 <
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	FI 8504024	A	19860420	FI 1985-4024	19851016 <
	ZA 8507952	A	19860528	ZA 1985-7952	19851016 <
	HU 38905	A2	19860728	HU 1985-4007	19851016 <
	HU 194163	В	19880128		
	AU 8548814	A1	19860424	AU 1985-48814	19851017 <
	AU 583062	B2	19890420		
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	SU 1545940	А3	19900223	SU 1985-3970050	19851017 <
	AT 56205	E	19900915	AT 1985-307498	19851017 <
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	DK 169541	B1	19941128		
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	JP 61178963	A2	19860811	JP 1985-231457	19851018 <
	JP 07045466	B4	19950517		
	ES 548011	A1	19870401	ES 1985-548011	19851018 <
	IL 76756	A1	19890515	IL 1985-76756	19851018 <

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CA 1273934
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     US 4997844
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                             19910305
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                                                                19851018 <--
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                        Α
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PRAI GB 1984-26474
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     GB 1985-7862
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     EP 1985-307498
                             19851017
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     US 1985-788807
                             19851018
                                        <--
GΙ
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$$R^3$$
 R^2 R^{5NH} N_{CH_2} CO_2Me R^4 $N_{Z^2Z^3Z^4R^1}$ N_{MeO} N_{II}

Title compds. I [Z1 = CH, N; Z2 = alkylene, alkenylene; Z3 = bond, O, S, phenylene, etc.; Z4 = CH2, CH:CH, bond; R1 = CO2H, 5-tetrazolyl, N-(organosulfonyl)carbamoyl, etc.; R2 = H, Me, halo, alkanoyl, etc.; R3 = H, halo, alkyl, alkoxy; R4 = acylamino, esterified NHCO2H, substituted ureido, H2NCO, etc.] were prepd. for treatment of allergic and inflammatory diseases. Indolamine II (R5 = H) was treated with hexanoyl chloride and Et3N to give II (R5 = hexanoyl). Selected I showed leukotriene antagonism in guinea-pigs at 5-50 mg orally. Capsules were prepd. contg. I 10, lactose 488.5, and Mg stearate 1.5 mg.

IT 104447-68-9P

IT 104447-68-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of)

(prepn. and reaction of)

IT 104435-89-4P 104435-95-2P 104436-15-9P 104436-16-0P 104436-41-1P 104436-42-2P 104436-43-3P 104436-44-4P 104436-47-7P 104436-48-8P 104436-97-7P 104436-99-9P 104446-89-1P 104446-91-5P 104446-94-8P 104447-27-0P

104447-01-0P 104447-24-7P 104447-27-0P 104447-61-2P 104447-67-8P 104447-69-0P

104447-70-3P 104447-71-4P 104448-09-1P

104448-12-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as a drug)

IT 104435-88-3 104447-70-3 104448-09-1

RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of)

IT 104447-68-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of)

RN 104447-68-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[(2-ethyl-1-oxohexyl)amino]-3-formyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-methoxy-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 19 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1985:62093 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     102:62093
TI
     N-Substituted-2-pyridylindoles
     Renfroe, Harris B.
ΙN
     Ciba-Geigy Corp. , USA
PA
     U.S., 20 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 323,018, abandoned.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 2
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                               DATE
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                             DATE
                                                               19821101 <--
                             19841023
                                             US 1982-437420
PI
     US 4478842
                        Α
                             19840717
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PRAI US 1981-323018 OS CASREACT 102:62093

JP 02009031

ES 530126

ES 530128

ES 530127

B4

Α1

A1

A1

19900228 19851116

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ES 1984-530126

ES 1984-530128

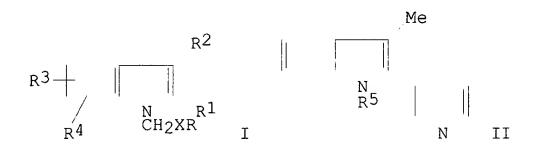
ES 1984-530127

19840228 <--

19840228 <--

19840228 <--

GI



Thromboxane synthetase inhibiting title compds. I [R = CO2H, H2NCO, HCO, acyl, 5-tetrazolyl; R1 = (un)substituted pyridyl; R2 = H, alkyl; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, halo, CF3, OH, alkoxy, CO2H, etc.; R3R4 = alkylenedioxy; X = C1-C12 alkylene, optionally contg. S, O, or phenylene] were prepd. Thus, pyridylindole II (R5 = H) was alkylated with Br(CH2)7CO2Me to give II [R5 = (CH2)7CO2Me], which was hydrolyzed to form II [R5 = (CH2)7CO2H] (III). At 30 mg/kg orally in rats, III prolonged bleeding time. III protected mice against arachidonic acid induced pulmonary obstruction at 100 mg/kg orally.

IT 87627-79-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hydrolysis of)

IT 87627-37-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and thromboxane synthetase inhibition by)

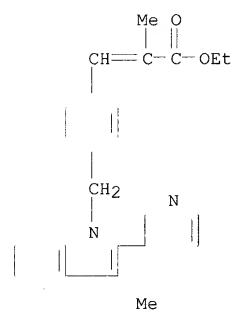
IT 87627-70-1P 94454-47-4P

IT 87627-79-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and hydrolysis of)

RN 87627-79-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-3-[4-[[3-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L41 ANSWER 20 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1983:575589 HCAPLUS

DN 99:175589

TI N-Substituted 2-pyridylindoles, their pharmaceutical compositions, and their therapeutical use

IN Renfroe, Harris Burt

PA Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW DTPatent LAGerman FAN.CNT 2 DATE APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE PATENT NO. 19821116 <--EP 1982-110582 19830601 A2 PIEP 80154 19830928 Α3 EP 80154 19850828 В1 EP 80154 AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE 19820917 <--US 1982-419383 19840717 Α US 4460777 19821112 <--GB 1982-32457 19830629 GB 2111050 A1 GB 2111050 B2 19850911 19821116 <--AT 1982-110582 19850915 AT 15196 Ε FI 1982-3938 19821117 <--19830520 FI 8203938 Α 19880229 В FI 75344 С 19880609 FI 75344 19821117 <--DD 1982-244959 19831214 Α5 DD 204924 19821117 <--ES 1982-517439 19841201 Α1 ES 517439 19821117 <--CA 1982-415716 CA 1197249 Α1 19851126 19821117 <--IL 1982-67284 19860331 A1 IL 67284 19821118 <--DK 1982-5141 19830520 DK 8205141 Α 19940815 В1 DK 169104 19821118 <--NO 1982-3869 19830520 Α NO 8203869 19881114 В NO 159929 19890222 NO 159929 С 19821118 <--AU 1982-90675 AU 8290675 19830526 A1 19870806 B2 AU 564233 19821118 <--ZA 1982-8505 19830928 ZA 8208505 Α 19821118 <--HU 1982-3704 19840328 0 HU 30607 19860929 В HU 190425 19821119 <-**-**JP 1982-203514 JP 58092677 19830602 A2 B419900228 JP 02009031 19840228 <--ES 1984-530126 19851116 Α1 ES 530126 ES 1984-530128 19840228 <--19851201 Α1 ES 530128 19840228 <--ES 1984-530127 19860616 Α1 ES 530127 19811119 <--PRAI US 1981-323018 19821116 <--EP 1982-110582

I [R = H, or lower alkyl; R1, R2 = H, alkyl, halo, CF3, etc.; R3 = (un)substituted pyridyl; R4 = CO2H or deriv.; Z = C1-12 alkylene, alkenylene, etc.] were prepd. and shown to inhibit thromboxane synthetase. Thus, 3-methyl-2-(3-pyridyl)indole was treated with Me3COK and Br(CH2)7CO2Me and the product hydrolyzed to give II.

IT 87627-70-1P 87627-79-0P

CASREACT 99:175589

OS GI

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)

IT 87627-37-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, and inhibition of thromboxane synthetase by)

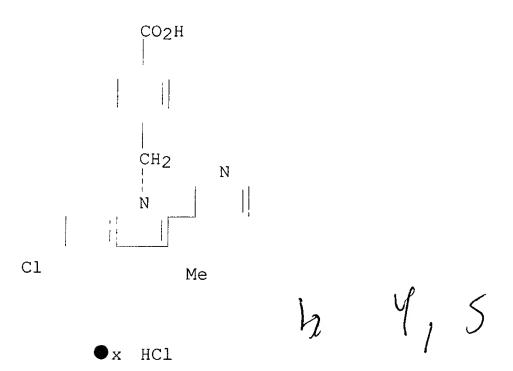
IT 87627-70-1P

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RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of)
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1.7

RN 87627-70-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[5-chloro-3-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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L41 ANSWER 21 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN 1982:615993 HCAPLUS

DN 97:215993

TI Indole thromboxane synthetase inhibitors and their pharmaceutical compositions

IN Cross, Peter Edward; Dickinson, Roger Peter

PA Pfizer Ltd., UK; Pfizer Corp.

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 38 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

GΙ

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PΙ EP 54417 Α1 19820623 EP 1981-305836 19811210 <--EP 54417 В1 19841219 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE US 4363912 19821214 Α US 1981-326800 19811203 <--**QK 8105525** 19820616 DK 1981-5525 19811214 <--FF 8104003 Α 19820616 19811214 <--FI 1981-4003 NO 8104264 Α 19820616 NO 1981-4264 19811214 <--AU 8178488 19820624 Α1 AU 1981-78488 19811214 <--AU 525296 B2 19821028 ZA 8108665 19821027 Α ZA 1981-8665 19811214 <--JP 57181082 Α2 JP 1981-201438 19821108 19811214 <--CA 1143737 Α1 19830329 CA 1981-392225 19811214 <--DD 202290 Α5 19830907 DD 1981-235742 19811214 <--ES 507960 19831001 Α1 ES 1981-507960 19811214 <---HU 29693 0 19840228 19811214 <--HU 1981-3762 CS 228527 Ρ 19840514 CS 1981-9343 19811215 <--PL 133634 В1 19850629 PL 1981-234253 19811215 <--PRAI GB 1980-40081 19801215 <--

$$R^4$$
 $+$ R^1 $+$ CHR^2R^3

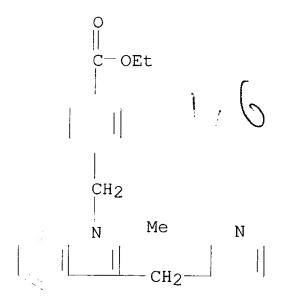
Thromboxane synthetase-inhibiting indoles [I; R = CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, CONH2, CN or 5-tetrazolyl; R1 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl or Ph; R2 = H or alkyl; R3 = 3- or 4-pyridyl; R4 = H, alkyl, alkoxy or halo; Q = (CH2)1-3, CH2CHMe or CH2C6H4] and their salts were prepd. Thus, treatment of 2-methyl-3-(3-pyridylmethyl)indole with acrylonitrile followed by hydrolysis gave I (R = CO2H, R1 = Me, R2 = R4 = H, R3 = 3-pyridyl) which, at 1.0 mg/kg i.v. in rabbits, gave 97 and 95%, resp., inhibition of thromboxane synthetase after 2 and 75 min.

IT 83795-18-0P 83795-19-1P

IT 83795-18-0P

RN 83795-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-methyl-3-(3-pyridinylmethyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, ethyl ester, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:01:09 ON 22 APR 2002 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 American Chemical Society (ACS)

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 21 APR 2002 HIGHEST RN 406458-32-0 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 21 APR 2002 HIGHEST RN 406458-32-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 7, 2001

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

 \Rightarrow s 143 and 126-130 L46 1 L43 AND (L26 OR L27 OR L28 OR L29 OR L30)

=> d ide can

L46 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN**9001-84-7** REGISTRY

Phospholipase A2 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

OTHER NAMES:

CN Acanthoxin Al

CN Agelotoxin

CN Ammodytoxin C

CN Calcium-dependent phospholipase A2

CN Conodipine-M

CN E.C. 3.1.1.4

CN Lecitase

Lecitase 10L CN

CN Lecithinase A

CN Nigroxin Cl

Nigroxin C2 CN

CN Nigroxin C3

Phosphatidase CN

CN Phosphatide acyl-hydrolase

CN Phosphatidolipase

CN Phospholipase A

CNPhospholipase III

CNPhospholipin

CNPLA2

CN Superbin

CN Superbin a

CNSuperbin b

CN Superbin c

CNSuperbin d

CN Superbin I

CN Superbin II

DR 195159-59-2, 195159-60-5

MF Unspecified

CICOM, MAN

LCSTN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, EMBASE, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT, PROMT, RTECS*, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data) Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

11525 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

106 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

11543 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

1: 136:268112 REFERENCE

REGISTRY

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ANSWER 1 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L47
RN
     241494-20-2 REGISTRY
     Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-(hydroxymethyl)-5-(phenylmethoxy)-3-(trifluoroacetyl)-
CN
     1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     3D CONCORD
FS
     C27 H22 F3 N O5
MF
SR
     CA
LC
                  CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER
     STN Files:
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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 131:199618

L47 ANSWER 21 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 220690-20-0 REGISTRY

CN 1H-Indole-6-carboxylic acid, 2-[[(4-methoxybenzoyl)methylamino]methyl]-3[2-(methoxycarbonyl)-1-cyclopenten-1-yl]-1-[[4(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C35 H34 N2 O8

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:182357

L47 ANSWER 27 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **215584-38-6** REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, 4,4'-[[2-[4-(phenylmethoxy)phenyl]-1H-indole-1,3-diyl]bis(methylene)]bis[2-methoxy-, dimethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C41 H37 N O7

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:343412

L47 ANSWER 30 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **205106-44-1** REGISTRY

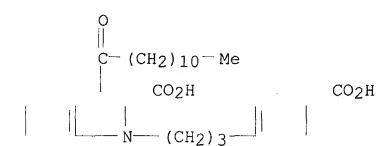
CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 1-[3-(4-carboxyphenyl)propyl]-3-(1-oxododecyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C31 H39 N O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:85739

REFERENCE 2: 128:257331

L47 ANSWER 31 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **203111-24-4** REGISTRY

CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 1-[[4-(3-ethoxy-3-oxo-1-

propenyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-(1-oxododecyl)-, ethyl ester, (E)- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)
STEREOSEARCH
C35 H45 N O5

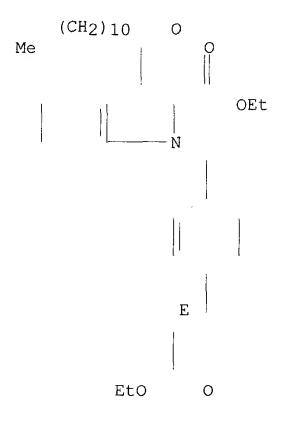
SR CA

FS

MF

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Double bond geometry as shown.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 128:167350

L47 ANSWER 33 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **201286-15-9** REGISTRY

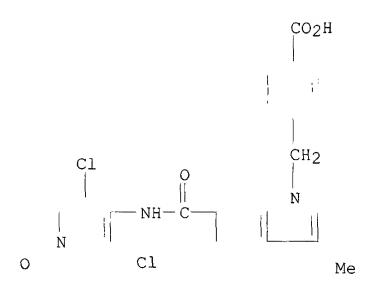
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[[(3,5-dichloro-1-oxido-4-pyridinyl)amino]carbonyl]-3-methyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C23 H17 C12 N3 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:110138

REFERENCE 2: 128:102087

L47 ANSWER 36 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **193620-97-2** REGISTRY

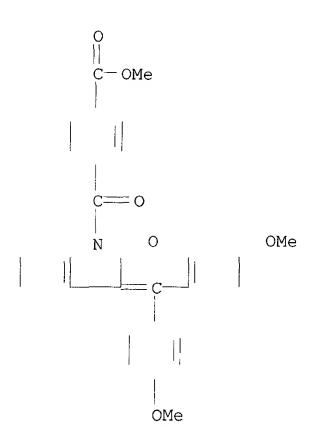
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[3-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene]-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-indol-1-yl]carbonyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C32 H25 N O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS



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PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 127:190643

L47 ANSWER 38 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 192585-79-8 REGISTRY

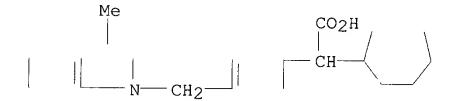
CN Cycloheptaneacetic acid, .alpha.-[4-[(3-methyl-1H-indol-1-yl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C25 H29 N O2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 127:121734

L47 ANSWER 46 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **192182-39-1** REGISTRY

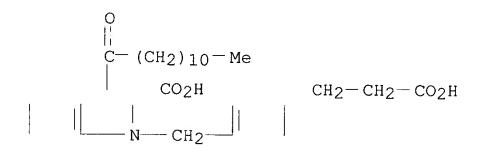
CN 1H-Indole-2-carboxylic acid, 1-[[4-(2-carboxyethyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-(1-oxododecyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C31 H39 N O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 128:167350

REFERENCE 2: 127:90133

L47 ANSWER 50 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **184150-66-1** REGISTRY

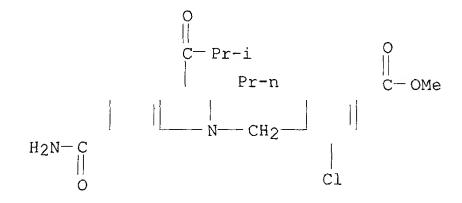
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-(aminocarbonyl)-3-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-2-propyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-chloro-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C25 H27 C1 N2 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:247492

REFERENCE 2: 129:45274

REFERENCE 3: 128:275074

REFERENCE 4: 126:18786

L47 ANSWER 52 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 184148-89-8 REGISTRY

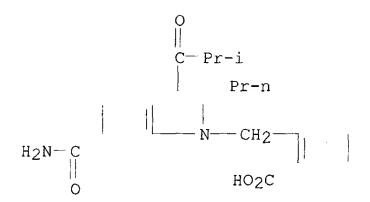
CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[6-(aminocarbonyl)-3-(2-methyl-1-oxopropyl)-2-propyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C24 H26 N2 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
- 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 136:247492

REFERENCE 2: 129:45274

REFERENCE 3: 128:275074

REFERENCE 4: 126:18786

L47 ANSWER 54 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **169040-74-8** REGISTRY

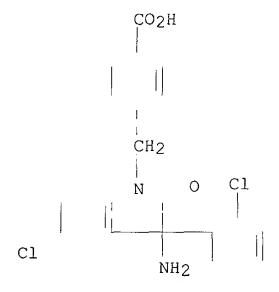
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[3-amino-5-chloro-3-(2-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C22 H16 C12 N2 O3

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 123:256516

L47 ANSWER 61 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **135872-88-7** REGISTRY

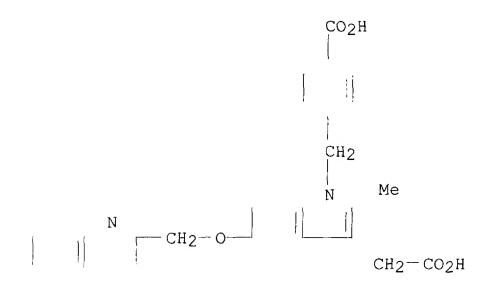
CN 1H-Indole-3-acetic acid, 1-[(4-carboxyphenyl)methyl]-2-methyl-5-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C29 H24 N2 O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:8801

REFERENCE 2: 120:298483

REFERENCE 3: 115:135935

L47 ANSWER 62 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **129525-25-3** REGISTRY

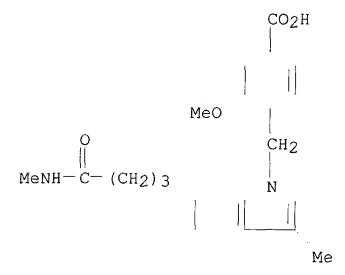
CN Benzoic acid, 3-methoxy-4-[[3-methyl-6-[4-(methylamino)-4-oxobutyl]-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C23 H26 N2 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 113:152250

L47 ANSWER 71 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **119188-69-1** REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[4-(dimethylamino)-4-oxobutyl]-3-propyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-methoxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

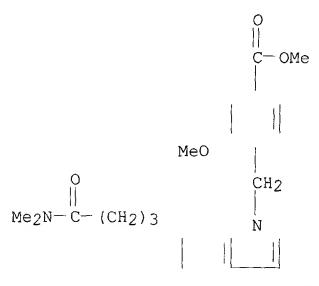
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FS 3D CONCORD

MF C27 H34 N2 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



Pr-n

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 113:152250

REFERENCE 2: 110:154147

L47 ANSWER 72 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **119160-87-1** REGISTRY

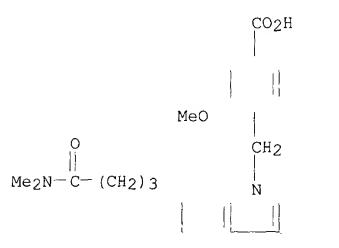
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[4-(dimethylamino)-4-oxobutyl]-3-propyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C26 H32 N2 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



Pr-n

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 113:152250

REFERENCE 2: 110:154147

L47 ANSWER 90 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **114086-28-1** REGISTRY

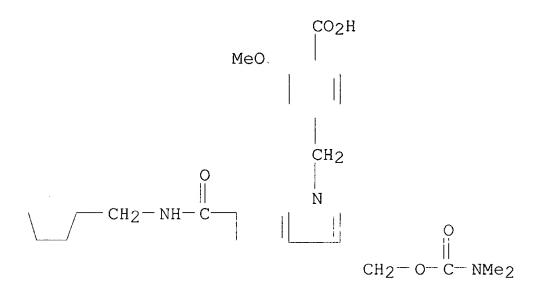
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[[(cyclopentylmethyl)amino]carbonyl]-3[[[(dimethylamino)carbonyl]oxy]methyl]-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-2-methoxy(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C28 H33 N3 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 108:186571

L47 ANSWER 105 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **108726-74-5** REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-[(2-aminoethyl)thio]-3-(phenylsulfonyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C25 H24 N2 O4 S2 . x Cl H

SR CF

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

CRN (108698-71-1)

•x HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 107:23236

L47 ANSWER 107 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

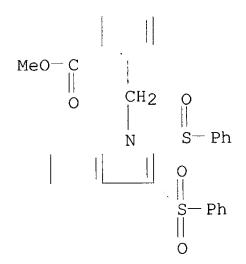
RN 108698-87-9 REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[2-(phenylsulfinyl)-3-(phenylsulfonyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C29 H23 N O5 S2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 107:23236

L47 ANSWER 110 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 104448-12-6 REGISTRY

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[(cyclopentylacetyl)amino]-3-(1-oxobutyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-methoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

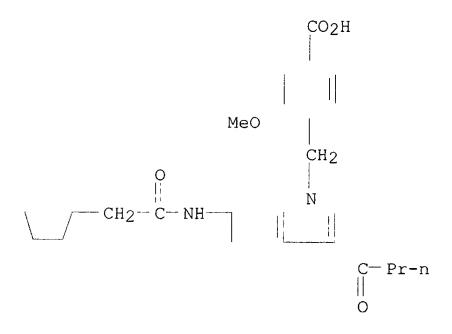
FS 3D CONCORD

MF C28 H32 N2 O5

SR CA

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 117:90198

REFERENCE 2: 105:226346

L47 ANSWER 124 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 104436-99-9 REGISTRY

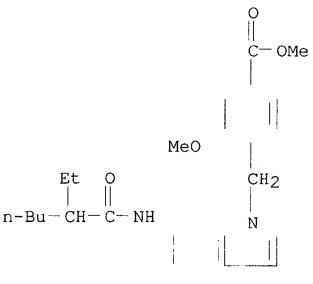
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[6-[(2-ethyl-1-oxohexyl)amino]-3-methyl-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-3-methoxy-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C27 H34 N2 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



Ме

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 105:226346

L47 ANSWER 137 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

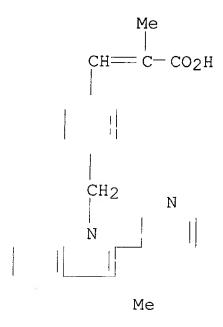
RN **94454-47-4** REGISTRY

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-3-[4-[[3-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C25 H22 N2 O2

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 102:62093

L47 ANSWER 138 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **87627-79-0** REGISTRY

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-3-[4-[[3-methyl-2-(3-pyridinyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]phenyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C27 H26 N2 O2

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 102:62093

REFERENCE 2: 99:175589

L47 ANSWER 141 OF 142 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN **83795-19-1** REGISTRY

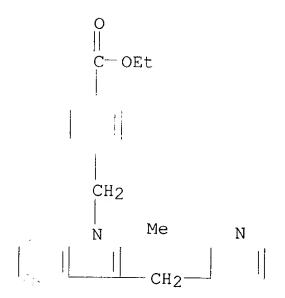
CN Benzoic acid, 4-[[2-methyl-3-(3-pyridinylmethyl)-1H-indol-1-yl]methyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS 3D CONCORD

MF C25 H24 N2 O2

CI COM

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 97:215993

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 15:15:16 ON 22 APR 2002) SET COST OFF

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:15:28 ON 22 APR 2002 E 65:3843/OREF

L1 3 S E8

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=> d all l1 tot

L1 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

AN 1966:420747 HCAPLUS

DN 65:20747

OREF 65:3843e-h,3844a-c

TI Isomeric 7-(diphenylmethyl)-7-hydroxy-2,3-norbornanedicarboxylic acid .gamma.-lactones

IN Poos, George I.

PA McNeil Laboratories, Inc.

SO 11 pp.; Continuation-in-part of U.S. 3,203,983 (CA 64, 657d)

DT Patent

LA Unavailable

NCL 260343300

CC 37 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
US 3250789 19660510 US 19640521

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB A fulvene and a maleimide by a Diels-Alder reaction give a 5-norbornenedicarboximide. Thus, a soln. of 2.3 parts 6,6-diphenylfulvene and 1.11 parts N-methylmaleimide in 10 parts by vol. C6H6 after 4 days at

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25.degree. gave endo-I (Y = diphenylmethylene, R = Me) (Ia), m.
     173-4.degree.. A soln. of 5 parts BzOOH in CHCl3 added to a soln. of
     12.35 parts Ia in 100 parts by vol. CHCl3 after 36 hrs. at 25.degree. gave
     the corresponding epoxide, m. 181.5-2.5.degree.. iso-; mer, Y, R, m.p.;
     exo, Ph2CH:, Me, 154-7.degree.; endo, Ph2CH:, Et, 125-6.degree.; endo,
     Ph2CH:, PhCH2CH2, 174-6.degree:; endo, Ph2CH2, Me, 206.5-9.0.degree:; --,
     Me2CH:, H, 176-80.degree.; --, Me2CH:, Me, 142-3.degree.; endo,
     bis(p-chlorophenyl)methylene, H, 205-7.degree.; endo, bis(p-
     chlorophenyl)methylene, Me, 132-6.degree.; --, phenyl-2-pyridylmethylene,
     H, 217-18.degree.; --, phenyl-2-pyridylmethylene, Me, 169-70.degree.; endo,
     bis (m-trifluoromethylphenyl) methylene, H, 180-3.degree.; endo,
     bis(m-trifluoromethylphenyl)methylene, Me, 135-7.degree. --,
     bis(o-methylphenyl)methylene, H, 185-8.5.degree.; endo,
     bis(o-methylphenyl)methylene, Me, 161-2.degree.; --, 1-phenylethylidene,
     H, 159-61.degree.; endo, 1-phenylethylidene, Me, 170-2.degree.; endo,
     Ph2CH:, carbamoyl, 200-10.degree.; endo, Ph2CH:, .beta.-hydroxyethyl,
     171-2.degree.; endo, diphenylmethyl-.gamma.-epoxy, Me, 181.5-2.5.degree..
     Similarly prepd. I were: exo-7-(di-phenylmethylene)-5,6-epoxy-N-methyl-2,3-
     norbornenedicarboximide, m. 179.5-81.5.degree. and the compds. listed in
     the 1st table. over Pd on C gave 1.63 parts endo-7-(diphenylmethyl)-7-
     hydroxy-N-methyl-2,3-norbornanedicarboximide (Ib), m. 276-80.degree.. Ib
     (9.8 parts) refluxed 6 hrs. in a soln. of 50 parts KOH in 250 parts H2O
     and 250 parts by vol. EtOH gave 7-(diphenylmethyl)-7-hydroxy-2,3-
     norbornanedicarboxylic acid (isomer A), m. 140-5.degree. and (isomer B),
     m. 258-60.degree.. Isomer A (90 parts) treated with 0.5 part by vol. AcCl
     2 hrs. at 60.degree. gave the corresponding .gamma.-lactone, m.
     191-2.5.degree.. Similarly, isomer B overnight at 60.degree. gave a
     .gamma.-lactone, m. 253-9.degree.. Redn. of I gave the corresponding
     4,7-methanoisoindoline (II). Thus, 1.75 parts Ia in ether added to 9.5
     parts LiAlH4 in ether gave, after 2.5 hrs. reflux, endo-II (Y =
     diphenylmethylene, R = Me), m. 74-7.degree.. Similarly prepd. II are
     tabulated in the 2nd table. iso-, deriv. and/or; mer, Y, R, m.p.; endo,
     Ph2CH:, Me, fumarate, 203.5-5.5.degree.;, (decompn.); exo, Ph2CH:, Me,
     fumarate, 176-8.degree.; endo, Ph2CH:, Et, 90.5-2.5.degree.; endo, Ph2CH:,
     PhCH2CH2, maleate, 178-9.degree.; endo, Ph2CH:*, Me, fumarate.
     191-2.degree.; endo, Ph2CH2*, Me, fumarate, 237-8.degree.; --, Me2CH:, Me,
     fumarate, 144-9.degree.; endo, bis(p-chlorophenyl)methylene, Me, maleate,
     160-1.degree.; endo, phenyl-2-pyridylmethylene, Me, fumarate,
     175-6.degree.; --, bis(m-trifluoromethylphenyl)-, Me, maleate,
     143-5.5.degree.;, methylene,; endo, bis(o-methylphenyl)methylene, Me,
     maleate, 140.5-42.degree.; --, 1-phenylethylidene, Me, fumarate,
     164-5.degree.; endo, Ph2CH: .beta.-hydroxy-, fumarate, 176-9.degree.;
     ethyl,; endo, Ph2CH:, H, maleate, 186.5-90.degree.; endo, Ph2CH:, Me,
     151-2.degree.; *, 5,6-positions reduced.
     ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1966:420746 HCAPLUS
     65:20746
OREF 65:3843e
     .alpha.-(1-Benzyl-3-indolyl)alkane carboxylic acids
     Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, Tsung-Ying
    Merck & Co. Inc.
     19 pp.
     Patent
     Unavailable
     260211000
     37 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
    US 3242163
                            19660322
                                           US
                                                            19610313
     NL 6513089
                                           NL
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Identical with U.S. 3,242,193 (preceding abstr.), except that the claims

L1

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DN

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DT

LA

PΙ

AΒ

for R4 are limited to CN, CO2H, and carbalkoxy.

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L1
    ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
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AN1966:420745 HCAPLUS

DN 65:20745

OREF 65:3840e-h,3841a-h,3842a-h,3843a-e

TI.alpha.-(1-Benzyl-3-indolyl)alkanecarboxylic acids

Sarett, Lewis H.; Shen, Tsung-Ying IN

Merck & Co. Inc. PA

SO 20 pp.

DTPatent

LA Unavailable

NCL260319000

CC 37 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE ____ PΙ US 3242193 19660322 19641021

GΙ

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. Division of U.S. 3,196,162 (CA 63, 16308a). Cf. following abstr. AΒ reaction in alc. HCl solns. of R4C6H4NHNH2 and R2COCH2CHR3CO2Y give II. The title compds. (I) are prepd. by treatment of II with NaH or other metalating agents, followed by R5bC6H5-bCHR1X. Addn. of 100 g. p-MeC6H4SH in 250 ml. (MeOCH2)2 during 2 hrs. to 41.5 g. 50% NaH dispersion in mineral oil in (MeOCH2)2 at -5 to 0.degree., followed by addn. of 20 ml. Me3COH and stirring 15 min. at 0.degree., then bubbling CHF2Cl through the mixt. 45 min. at -2 to 0.degree., and standing 14 hrs. gave 112.3 g. p-MeC6H4SCHF2 (III), b0.35 32-4.degree., n23D 1.5092. One mole p-MeC6H4OH was similarly converted to 18.5 g. p-MeC6H4OCHF2 (IV), m. 165-7.degree.. Treatment of 8.7 g. III with 8.9 g. (CH2CO) 2NBr in 400 ml. CCl4 under irradiation by a 275-watt sun lamp 2 hrs. gave 7.0 g. p-CHF2SC6H4CH2Br (IVa), b0.3 74.degree., n22D 1.5622. IV (14.6 g.) and 16.4 g. (CH2CO)2NBr in 800 ml. CC14 gave 18.5 g. p-HF2COC6H4CH2Br (V), b0.2 50-52.degree., n23D 1.5170. Treatment of 59.7 g. p-MeC6H4SO2NMe2 with 53.4 g. (CH2CO) 2NBr in 500 ml. refluxing CC14 2.5 hrs. gave p-(Me2N SO2) C6H4CH2Br (VI), m. 85-108.degree. (Skellysolve B). MeSPh (120 g.) and 69 g. MeOCH2Cl in 600 ml. HOAc kept at 78-80.degree. for 2 days, evapd., and distd. gave 68 g. p-MeSC6H4CH2Cl (VII), bl 99.degree.. MeSH (24 g.) was bubbled into 350 ml. EtOH containing 32.5 g. 86.5% KOH, 1.2 ml. H2O was added, followed by 70.3 g. p-ClC6H4CHO in 150 ml. EtOH, and the mixt. was refluxed 3 hrs. with slow introduction of MeSH, then poured into 500 ml. H2O, and extd. with ClCH2CH2Cl, giving p-MeSC6H4CHO, redn. of which by Al(OCHMe2)3 in Me2CHOH, followed by treatment with SOC12, also gave VII. Action of 82 ml. MeOCH2Cl on 177 g EtSPh in 770 ml. HOAc at 75.degree. 48 hrs. gave p-EtSC6H4CH2Cl (VII), b0.025-0.04 92-102.degree.. Similar treatment of 100 ml. Ph2S with 36.3 ml. MeOCH2Cl in 340 ml. HOAc gave 32 g. of a distillate, b0.005 85-145.degree., which contained 39% p-PhSC6H4CH2Cl (IX). A soln. of 25 g. p-H2NC6H4CH2OH in 200 ml. H2O and 80 ml. HCl at 0-5.degree. was treated with 15.5 g. NaNO2 in 40 ml. H2O and neutralized with KOAc. The cold, neutral soln. was filtered into a soln. of 97.6 g. EtOCS2K in 1000 ml. H2O at 75-80.degree., and the mixt. was heated 1 hr. on a steam bath, cooled, and extd. with 3 250-ml. portions Et20. exts. were washed thrice with 250 ml. portions H2O, dried, and evapd. the residual red oil was added 33 g. KOH in 300 ml. EtOH, the mixt. was refluxed 2 hrs. under N, 50.6 g. PhCH2Cl was added, and refluxing continued 3 hrs. to give p-PhCH2SC6H4CH3OH (XI), m. 75-81.degree. (4:35 C6H6-cyclohexane). Action of 100 ml. SOC12 on 10.7 g. X at 0.degree. 1 hr. gave p-PhCH2SC6H4CH2Cl, m. 91-3.degree. (EtOH). To 7.92 g. Mg in 50 ml. Et20 was added 10 ml. of a soln. of 61 g. p-F3CC6H4Br in 60 ml. Et20, followed by 2 ml. MeMqI soln. under N. After initiation of the reaction, 200 ml. Et20 and the rest of the p-F3CC6H4Br soln. were added during 1 hr. After refluxing 1.5 hrs., the soln. was cooled to 5.degree. and 81 g. PhNMeCHO was added over 20 min. After 2 hrs. in an ice bath and 18 hrs.

at room temp., the mixt. was treated with 200 ml. 5N H2SO4 with cooling, giving p-F3CC6H4CHO (XI), b12 64.degree., n22D 1.4633. Redn. of 20.9 g. XI with 2.5 g. NaBH4 in 100 ml. C6H6, and treatment with 14 g. SOC12, gave p-F3CC6H4CH2Cl, b12 68.degree., n22D 1.4622. Mixing 53.3 g. p-H2NC6H4SH in 200 ml. EtOH and 60.2 g. p-ClC6H4CHO in 200 ml. EtOH gave, in 20 min., 97 g. p-ClC6H4CH:NC6H4SH-p (XII). Treatment of 58.2 g. XII with 11.52 g. NaH in 400 ml. Me2NCHO during 2 hrs., then addn. of 35 g. MeI in 100 ml. Me2NCHO during 1 hr., and diln. with 21. H2O, gave p-ClC6H4CH:NC6H4SMe-p, 12 g. of which was reduced by 4.0 g. NaBH4 in 300 ml. MeOH to give p-ClC6H4CH2NHC6H4SMe-p (XIII). Nitrosation of XIII gave the N-nitroso deriv., redn. of 38 g. of which by Al amalgam in Me2CHOH gave p-ClC6H4N(NH2)C6H4SMe-p; hydrochloride (XIIIa) m. 140.5.degree. (EtOH). A soln. of 44 g. p-MeOC6H4NHNH2.HCl (XIV), 42 g. p-O2NC6H4CH2Cl, and 80 g. Et3N in 500 ml. EtOH was refluxed 6 hrs., and 70 ml. 3.2N HCl in EtOH was added, giving 14.4 g. p-MeOC6H4N(NH2)CH2C6H4NO2-p.HCl (XV), m. 147-50.degree.. Hydrogenation of 37 g. p-MeOC6H4NH2 and 50 g. 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3CHO in 250 ml. EtOH on Ni at 40 psi. gave 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3NHC6H4OMe-p, m. 126-7.degree. (Et2O-EtOH), which on nitrosation and redn. by Al amalgam gave 2,4-(MeO)2C6H3N(NH2)C6H4OMe-p.HCl (XVI), m. 136-9.degree.. A soln. of 25 g. XIV and 20 g. AcCH2CHMeCO2Et (XVII) in 250 ml. 2N alc. HCl, refluxed 30 min. after subsidence of the initial reaction, concd. to 80 ml., dild. with 400 ml. H2O, extd. with Et20, and the dried exts. evapd. and chromatographed on acid-washed Al203 in Et20-petroleum ether gave II (R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, Y = Et) (IIa), b0.25 150-3.degree., m. 53-5.5.degree. (petroleum ether). Saponification of 13 g. IIa in 200 ml. EtOH by 20 ml. 34% NaOH 6 hrs. under N, diln. with H2O and acidification gave the free acid (IIb), m. 163-5.degree. (aq. EtOH). Other examples of II similarly prepd. were: IIc (R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = Me, Y = Et), m. 88-8.5.degree. (petroleum ether), from 20 g. p-MeC6H4NHNH2.HC1 and 20 g. XVII in 250 ml. 2N alc. HCl; IId (R2 = R3 = H, R4 = MeO, Y = Et), from 0.1 mole each of XIV and (MeO) 2CHCH2CH2CO2Et; and IIe (R2 = Me, R3 = H, R4 = Cl, Y = Et), m. 85.degree. (petroleum ether),from 0.1 mole each of AcCH2CH2CO2Et and p- ClC6H4NHNH2.HCl in 300 ml. 2N alc. HCl, refluxed 1 hr. AcCH2CHEtCO2Et was treated with XIV to give II (R2 = Me, Y = Et, R4 = MeO) (IIf). Fused ZnCl2 (28 g.) and 10 g. p-O2NC6H4NHN: CMeCH2CHMeCO2H in 20 ml. abs. EtOH were refluxed under N 12 hrs., dild. with 200 ml. 2.5N HCl, and extd. thrice with 200 ml. Et20. After drying and concn., the exts. were treated 8 hrs. with 200 ml. refluxing 1N alc. HCl, concd. to give II (R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = NO2, Y = Et)(IIg). A mixt. of 50 g. 2,4-Me2C6H3NHCOEt, 50 g. NaNH2, and 500 ml. PhNEt2 was refluxed under N 1 hr., to give 38 g. 2-ethyl-5-methylindole (XVII), m. 72-84.degree. (cyclohexane). Treatment of 4.4 g. XVII with 5.4 ml. 25% aq. Me2NH, 2.25 ml. 40% aq. CH2O, and 3 ml. HOAc 5 hrs. and addn. of 25 ml. 10% KOH gave a gum which was extd. with Et2O. Extn. of the Et2O soln. with 1.25N HCl, neutralization, reextn. with Et2O, drying, and evapn. gave 2.3 g. 2-ethyl-5-methylgramine, m. 100-3.degree. (cyclohexane), 2 g. of which and 4.0 g. KCN in 32 ml. 80% EtOH, refluxed 68 hrs., neutralized with HCl, concd., dild. with 20 ml. H2O containing 2.3 g. KOH, refluxed 6 hrs., acidified and extd. with Et20 gave 1.0 g. II (R2 = Et, R3 = H, R4 = Me, Y = H) (IIh), m. 137-8.degree. (C6H6). Treatment of 13 g. IIa in 75 ml. Me2NCHO with 2.5 g. NaH-mineral oil dispersion in 100 ml. Me2NCHO 1 hr., followed by 8.0 g. o-ClC6H4CH2Cl 14 hrs. gave I(R1 = H, R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = MeO, R5 = 2-C1, b = 1, M = EtO)(Ia), m. 118-22.degree. (C6H6-Skellysolve B). Saponification of Ia in 125 ml. EtOH by 20 ml. 34% NaOH gave 8.5 g. free acid, m. 191-2.degree. (C6H6). Other examples of I prepd. from IIa by action of NaH and a benzyl halide were those in which the benzyl groups were: m-ClC6H4CH2, and the free acid, m. 191-2.degree. (EtOAc-Skellysolve B); 2,4-C12C6H3CH2, m. 130.degree. (aq. EtOH), and the free acid, m. 184-6.degree.; p-MeOC6H4CH2, sirup, and the free acid, m. 153-3.5.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether); p-FC6H4CH2, and the free acid, m. 164-5.degree. (EtOAc-petr. ether); p-HF2CSC6H4CH2, oil from IVa, and the free acid, m. 132-3.degree. (PhMe); p-HF2COC6H4CH2, oil, 20.9 g. from 13.0 g. IIa and 12 g. V, and the free

acid, m. 144-6.degree.; p-ClC6H4CH2, Ib, which was also prepd. from 11.7 q. IIb, 5.0 g. NaH, and 8.8 g. p-ClC6H4CH2Cl, and the free acid, m. 163-5.degree. (C6H6), p-BrC6H4CH2, and the free acid, from p-BrC6H4CH2OSO2Me; p-IC6H4CH2, and the free acid, from p-IC6H4CH2OSO2C6H4Me-p; p-MeSC6H4CH2, Ic, sirup, from VI, and the free acid, m. 170-1.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether); p-(PhCH2S)C6H4CH2, oil from IIa and IX, and the free acid (Id), m. 150-53.degree. (CCl4); p-CF3C6H4CH2, sirup from XI, and the free acid, m. 176-80.degree. (EtOAc- petr. ether); p-NCC6H4CH2, Ie, m. 72.degree. (EtOH), and the free acid, m. 197-200.degree. (EtOAc-petr. ether); p-(Me2NSO2)C6H4CH2, m. 140.degree. (EtOH), from VI, and the free acid, m. 156.5-8.5.degree. (EtOAc-petr. ether); p-EtSC6H4CH2, from VIII, and the free acid, m. 126-33.degree. (2% C6H6 in abs. EtOH); p-PhSC6H4CH2, oil, 42.5 g. from 13.0 g. IIa and 32 g. IX, and the free acid; p-MeSC6H4CHMe and the free acid; and 4-MeS-2-MeC6H3CH2 and the free acid. IIc and p-ClC6H4CH2Cl gave I (R1 = H, R2 = R3 = R4 = Me, R5 = 4-C1, b = 1, M = EtO) (Ib), m.~89-90.degree., and the free acid (M = OH), m. 185-6.degree.. IIc (24.5 g.) added during 20 min. to 500 ml. Me2NCHO and 6.0 g. NaH, followed by 6.0 g. VII, gave I (R1 = H, R2 = R3 = R4 = Me, R5 = 4-MeS, b = 1, M = EtO), m. 111-13.degree.(Et20), saponification of 20 g. of which gave 9.6 g. of the free acid, m. 184-7.degree. (ClCH2CH2Cl). From IId were prepd. Et .alpha.-[1-(pfluorobenzyl) - 5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, and the free acid; and Et .alpha.-[1-(p- chlorobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, and the free acid, m. 144-8.degree.. IIe and IIf were also converted to their 1-(p-Cl C6H4CH2) derivs. and the corresponding free acids. IIg was converted to I (R1 = H, R2 = R3 = Me, R4 = NO2, R5 = p-MeO, b = 1, M = EtO) (If), which was hydrogenated on Pd-C to the amino compd. (R4 = NH2), from which the Ac, p-ClC6H4CO, and Me2 derivs. were prepd. The corresponding derivs. were prepd. from the free acid obtained by saponification of If. Ar-alkylation of 0.05 mole Et .alpha.-(2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl)acetate (IIi) with NaH and 0.05 mole p-(PhCH2O)C6H4CH2Cl gave the 1-(p-(PhCH2O)C6H4CH2 deriv., which was saponified to the free acid, hydrogenolysis of which on 10% Pd-C in EtOH gave [1-(p-hydroxybenzyl)-2methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid. Redn. of 18 g. IIi (Y = Me) with 20 g. Sn and 200 ml. 6N HCl under reflux 18 hrs., followed by reesterification with alc. HCl, gave 2.7 g. Et .alpha.-(2-methyl-5-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-3-in-dolyl)acetate, which was aralkylated to prepare the p-ClC6H4CH2, p-MeOC6H4CH2, p-FC6H4CH2, and p-MeSC6H4CH2 derivs., and the hydrochlorides of the corresponding acids. IIa was similarly reduced to the 2,3-dihydro deriv., which was aralkylated to prepare its p-ClC6H4CH2 and p-MeSC6H4CH2 derivs., and the corresponding hydrochlorides. Aralkylation of 9.3 g. IIi (Y = Me) in 50 ml. tetrahydrofuran (THF) with 3 g. NaH in 100 ml. Me2NCHO and 13 g. p-BrC6H4CHBrMe gave I (R1 = R2 = Me, R4 = M = MeO, R5 = p-Br, b = 1) (Ig), and the free acid. From 12.58 g. IIi (Y = Me) was also prepd. 15 g. of the p-Me SC6H4CH2 deriv., sirup, which was hydrolyzed to the free acid, m. 155-6.5.degree. (EtOH); Et ester m. 94-5.degree. (EtOH). Oxidn. of 10 g. Ic (M = EtO) in Et2O by monoperphthalic acid at -25 to -20.degree., chromatography of the crude product on Al2O3, and hydrolysis of the eluted esters gave .alpha.-[1-(p-methylsulfonylbenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionic acid, m. 194-6.degree. (EtOAc-EtOH-petroleum ether) and .alpha.-[1-(p-methylsulfinylbenzyl)- 2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionic acid, m. 98-101.degree. (EtOAc-EtOH-petroleum ether). Heating 8.8 g. Ic (M = OH) and 14 g. urea 1.5 hrs. at 190-200.degree. gave the amide (M = NH2), m. 143-4.degree. (C6H6-petroleum ether). A soln. of 24.9 g. Ic (M = OH) and 9.5 g. (+)-PhCHMeNH2 in 350 ml. boiling EtOH was cooled to 20-25.degree. and kept 90 min., giving the (+)-Ic salt of (+)-PhCHMeNH2, m. 170-72.degree. (EtOH), [.alpha.]22D 38.5.degree. (MeOH), which treated with HCl gave (+)-Ic, m. 118.degree. (5:3 Et20-C6H6), [.alpha.]22D 62.4.degree. (EtOH). Similar treatment of Ib (M = OH) gave the (+)-Ib salt of (+)-PhCHMeNH2, m. 148-9.degree. (Me2CHOH), [.alpha.] 22D 43.degree. (MeOH), and (+)-Ib, m. 156-7.degree. (1:1 C6H6-pet. ether), [.alpha.]22D 60.degree. (EtOH). The filtrates gave (-)-Ib, m.

153-4.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether), [.alpha.]23D-58.degree. (EtOH). Treatment of 31 g. XIIIa and 16 g. XVII in 400 ml. 7.5N alc. HCl gave 13 g. Et .alpha.-[1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methylthio-3indolyl]propionate, sirup, saponification of which gave the free acid, m. 154-60.degree. (MeCN). Similar prepns. included: Et .alpha.-[1-(pchlorobenzyl)-2-phenyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, and the free acid, from p-ClC6H4CH2N(NH2)C6H4OMe-p.HCl (XVIII) and PhCOCH2CH2CO2Et; 1-(p-methylthiobenzyl)-2-trifluoromethyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl-acetic acid, m. 168-72.degree. (C6H6), from p-MeSC6H4N(NH2)C6H4OMe-p.HCl (XIX) and F3CCOCH2CH2CO2H (Brown, et al., CA 55, 1431c); Et .alpha.-[1-(pnitrobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionate (Ih), m. 102-3.degree. (EtOH), from XV and XVII and the free acid, m. 188-90.degree. (aq. EtOH); Et [1-(p-methylthiobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3indolyl]acetate, and the free acid, from XIX and HCOCH2CH2CO2Et (XX); 1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl-2-acetic acid, m. 146-8.degree., from XVIII and XX; Et .alpha.-[1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-benzyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionate, and the free acid, from XVIII and PhCH2COCH2-CHMeCO2Et; Et .alpha.-[1-(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]propionate, and the free acid, from XVI and XVII; and [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-carboxy-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid (Ii), m. 213-18.degree. (ag. Me2NCHO), from XVIII and HO2CCOCH2CH2CO2H. Hydrogenation of 2.85 g. Ih on Ni at 45-50.degree. in 60 ml. EtOH in the presence of 2.4 ml. 37% CH2O and 5 ml. HOAc gave Et .alpha.-[1-(pdimethylaminobenzyl) -2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionate, saponification of which gave the free acid, m. 193-4.degree. (MeOH). Hydrogenation of 4.25 g. Ih on 1 g. Pd-C in 100 ml. Ac20 and 100 ml. HOAc gave Et .alpha.-[1-(p-acetamidobenzyl) - 2 - methyl - 5 methoxy-3-indolyl] propionate. Saponification of 2 g. Ie by 25 ml. 30% NaOH in 150 ml. EtOH under reflux 18 hrs., and acidification by HCl gave .alpha.-[1-(p-carboxybenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]propionic acid, m. 230-4.degree. (HOAc or aq. EtOH). Refluxing a soln. of Ii in Ac2O 2 hrs. gave the anhydride of Ii, m. 205-11.degree., which reacted with abs. EtOH in the presence of 1 equiv. NaOEt at 0.degree. to give the Et ester (Ij), m. 214-16.degree. (aq. MeOH). Heating 5 g. Ij under N 80 min. at 225.degree. gave Et [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate, free acid, m. 146-8.degree. (MeCN-C6H6). Action of SOC12 in C6H6 on Ij gave the acid chloride, which was reduced by LiAlH(OCMe3)3 in THF to Et [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-formyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetate (Ik). Redn. of Ik by NaBH4 gave the lactone of [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-hydroxymethyl-5methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid, which was treated with PhCH2SK in EtOH to give [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-(benzylthiomethyl)-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]acetic acid. A mixt. of 19 g. (COCl)2 in 25 ml. Et20 and 35.7 g. 1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxyindole in 900 ml. Et20 was stirred 2 hrs. and filtered. The solid was added to 660 ml. EtOH and treated with 0.12 mole NaOEt 1 hr., then poured into 660 ml. H2O containing 10 ml. HOAc, giving Et .alpha.- [1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2 -methyl-5 -methoxy-3 -indolyl] oxoacetate (XXI), m. 113.degree. (C6H6-petr. ether). A mixt. of 36.02 g. MePh3P+Br- and 94.36 ml. 1.10N BuLi in 500 ml. dry Et2O was stirred. 1 hr., and 38 g. XXI in 260 ml. C6H6 and 500 ml. Et2O was added. After 1 hr., the mixt. was heated to 65-70.degree. in a pressure flask 5 hrs. The resulting gum was triturated thrice with 500 ml. portions of 33% C6H6 in Et2O. The dried exts. were concd. to a sirup, which was slurried in C6H6 and chromatographed on Al2O3. Elution with 30% Et2O in pert. ether and evapn. gave Et .alpha.-[1-(p-chlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3indolyl]acrylate (XXII), m. 94-5.degree. (petroleum ether), which was saponified to the free acid, m. 187-8.degree. (EtOH). Treatment of 1.8 g. XXII in 10 ml. THF with 4 g. CH2I2, 1.25 g. Zn-Cu, and 0.2 g. iodine in 20 ml. THF with refluxing under N 20 hrs. gave 1.2 g. Et .alpha.-[1-(pchlorobenzyl)-2-methyl-5-methoxy-3-indolyl]cyclopropanecarboxylate. The free acid, m. 220-4, degree., was obtained by saponification. The title compds. and their nontoxic salts have anti-inflammatory properties.